



Josh Willis
NASA Climate Scientist

1
00:00:12,950 --> 00:00:11,350
nasa's jet propulsion laboratory

2
00:00:15,669 --> 00:00:12,960
presents

3
00:00:17,590 --> 00:00:15,679
the von carmen lecture a series of talks

4
00:00:20,950 --> 00:00:17,600
by scientists and engineers who are

5
00:00:34,389 --> 00:00:20,960
exploring our planet our solar system

6
00:00:38,310 --> 00:00:36,310
hey good evening ladies and gentlemen

7
00:00:39,830 --> 00:00:38,320
how's everyone tonight

8
00:00:41,270 --> 00:00:39,840
good well thanks for coming out to join

9
00:00:43,270 --> 00:00:41,280
us this evening

10
00:00:45,270 --> 00:00:43,280
as humans drive earth's climate into a

11
00:00:47,270 --> 00:00:45,280
new regime it is critical to keep our

12
00:00:49,430 --> 00:00:47,280
fingers on the pulse of the planet

13
00:00:51,190 --> 00:00:49,440

sea level rise is both a stark reminder

14

00:00:52,790 --> 00:00:51,200

of our impact on the climate and its

15

00:00:54,790 --> 00:00:52,800

impact on us

16

00:00:56,869 --> 00:00:54,800

the oceans capture over 90 percent of

17

00:00:59,430 --> 00:00:56,879

the heat trapped by greenhouse gases

18

00:01:01,189 --> 00:00:59,440

expanding as they warm they also collect

19

00:01:03,510 --> 00:01:01,199

water from melting glaciers and ice

20

00:01:05,750 --> 00:01:03,520

sheets making sea level rise a doubly

21

00:01:07,910 --> 00:01:05,760

important indicator of global warming

22

00:01:10,830 --> 00:01:07,920

without adaptation a two meter rise

23

00:01:12,870 --> 00:01:10,840

would displace 187 million people

24

00:01:13,990 --> 00:01:12,880

worldwide sea level will continue to

25

00:01:15,910 --> 00:01:14,000

rise

26

00:01:17,749 --> 00:01:15,920

but we don't know how fast

27

00:01:19,670 --> 00:01:17,759

like its predecessors the jason-3

28

00:01:21,190 --> 00:01:19,680

mission will serve as our eyes on sea

29

00:01:23,190 --> 00:01:21,200

level rise

30

00:01:24,950 --> 00:01:23,200

measuring global sea level once every 10

31

00:01:26,870 --> 00:01:24,960

days it will chart out the global rise

32

00:01:29,350 --> 00:01:26,880

of the oceans a rise that is unlikely to

33

00:01:31,990 --> 00:01:29,360

subside or reverse for generations

34

00:01:34,149 --> 00:01:32,000

but jason 3 will be more than a senten a

35

00:01:35,670 --> 00:01:34,159

sentinel of climate change as it will

36

00:01:37,429 --> 00:01:35,680

also measure the tilt of the ocean's

37

00:01:39,590 --> 00:01:37,439

surface providing oceanographers with

38

00:01:41,109 --> 00:01:39,600

information about ocean currents

39

00:01:43,510 --> 00:01:41,119

measure wind and waves helping

40

00:01:45,670 --> 00:01:43,520

forecasters predict marine weather and

41

00:01:48,310 --> 00:01:45,680

even find local warm spots

42

00:01:50,789 --> 00:01:48,320

that can intensify hurricanes in short

43

00:01:52,830 --> 00:01:50,799

jason 3 will be pretty cool

44

00:01:55,350 --> 00:01:52,840

our guest tonight has been at jpl since

45

00:01:57,190 --> 00:01:55,360

2004 and is now the nasa project

46

00:01:58,709 --> 00:01:57,200

scientist for the soon to be launched

47

00:02:00,789 --> 00:01:58,719

jason 3 mission

48

00:02:02,630 --> 00:02:00,799

in 2010 he was awarded a presidential

49

00:02:04,870 --> 00:02:02,640

early career award for scientists and

50

00:02:06,630 --> 00:02:04,880

engineers by president obama for his

51
00:02:08,949 --> 00:02:06,640
pioneering research on understanding the

52
00:02:10,790 --> 00:02:08,959
causes of sea level rise and the ocean's

53
00:02:13,270 --> 00:02:10,800
role in a warming climate

54
00:02:16,869 --> 00:02:13,280
most recently his project ocean's

55
00:02:18,790 --> 00:02:16,879
melting greenland or omg for short

56
00:02:20,710 --> 00:02:18,800
was selected by nasa as an earth

57
00:02:22,470 --> 00:02:20,720
ventures mission to study how the oceans

58
00:02:23,510 --> 00:02:22,480
are melting the greenland ice sheet from

59
00:02:25,589 --> 00:02:23,520
below

60
00:02:27,830 --> 00:02:25,599
in his spare time he studies comedy and

61
00:02:29,589 --> 00:02:27,840
improvisational theater last year he

62
00:02:31,350 --> 00:02:29,599
graduated from the second city improv

63
00:02:32,949 --> 00:02:31,360

program in hollywood we learned to

64
00:02:34,150 --> 00:02:32,959
communicate about climate change through

65
00:02:36,150 --> 00:02:34,160
comedy

66
00:02:38,550 --> 00:02:36,160
despite his love of laughter though he

67
00:02:39,910 --> 00:02:38,560
has not yet quit his day job

68
00:02:41,110 --> 00:02:39,920
ladies and gentlemen please help me

69
00:02:45,750 --> 00:02:41,120
welcome tonight's guest and a good

70
00:02:45,760 --> 00:02:50,550
thanks

71
00:02:53,990 --> 00:02:52,630
wow thank you mark that was uh

72
00:02:57,030 --> 00:02:54,000
incredibly

73
00:03:00,229 --> 00:02:57,040
erudite and well written um

74
00:03:01,670 --> 00:03:00,239
so i just will end there uh

75
00:03:03,750 --> 00:03:01,680
see you guys

76

00:03:05,509 --> 00:03:03,760

no i really appreciate the uh the warm

77

00:03:06,790 --> 00:03:05,519

welcome and i really appreciate

78

00:03:09,110 --> 00:03:06,800

everybody coming out tonight and

79

00:03:12,390 --> 00:03:09,120

everybody who's watching us streaming on

80

00:03:16,070 --> 00:03:12,400

the interwebs and uh on nasa tv when it

81

00:03:17,430 --> 00:03:16,080

airs tomorrow night uh so uh why am i

82

00:03:21,430 --> 00:03:17,440

here

83

00:03:24,070 --> 00:03:21,440

which is

84

00:03:25,270 --> 00:03:24,080

the successor to the successor to the

85

00:03:27,670 --> 00:03:25,280

successor

86

00:03:29,670 --> 00:03:27,680

to the mission that got me my phd back

87

00:03:32,149 --> 00:03:29,680

in graduate school and that mission was

88

00:03:33,350 --> 00:03:32,159

called topex poseidon and it was our

89

00:03:35,990 --> 00:03:33,360

very first

90

00:03:37,830 --> 00:03:36,000

look at the oceans from space in a way

91

00:03:39,509 --> 00:03:37,840

that we could really measure them well

92

00:03:41,190 --> 00:03:39,519

enough to tell us something incredibly

93

00:03:42,390 --> 00:03:41,200

useful to oceanographers and i'll talk a

94

00:03:43,350 --> 00:03:42,400

little bit more about that as we go

95

00:03:45,350 --> 00:03:43,360

along

96

00:03:46,869 --> 00:03:45,360

but i also want to really drive home the

97

00:03:49,910 --> 00:03:46,879

theme tonight

98

00:03:52,229 --> 00:03:49,920

that this is one of the fundamental ways

99

00:03:55,270 --> 00:03:52,239

in which we measure human-caused climate

100

00:03:56,869 --> 00:03:55,280

change or global warming really

101

00:03:59,910 --> 00:03:56,879

two-thirds of the planet are covered

102

00:04:02,390 --> 00:03:59,920

with ocean and as we look at our

103

00:04:04,229 --> 00:04:02,400

changing climate and our changing planet

104

00:04:06,070 --> 00:04:04,239

uh really we need to be looking to the

105

00:04:06,949 --> 00:04:06,080

oceans because that's where the action

106

00:04:09,110 --> 00:04:06,959

is

107

00:04:10,789 --> 00:04:09,120

so uh you guys look like a really nice

108

00:04:12,550 --> 00:04:10,799

crowd so hopefully i'm not gonna say

109

00:04:14,070 --> 00:04:12,560

anything uh that will get me beat up

110

00:04:15,990 --> 00:04:14,080

later

111

00:04:19,189 --> 00:04:16,000

i ask you know because

112

00:04:23,909 --> 00:04:20,629

so i am going to say global warming is

113

00:04:25,990 --> 00:04:23,919

real so so please don't beat me up

114

00:04:28,070 --> 00:04:26,000

and i want to start off with this slide

115

00:04:29,909 --> 00:04:28,080

i like to start with this slide because

116

00:04:31,350 --> 00:04:29,919

it's a reminder of just how big the

117

00:04:33,909 --> 00:04:31,360

oceans are

118

00:04:36,310 --> 00:04:33,919

the pacific ocean covers about one third

119

00:04:38,390 --> 00:04:36,320

of the planet's surface all by itself if

120

00:04:40,390 --> 00:04:38,400

you were to rotate this globe just a

121

00:04:42,550 --> 00:04:40,400

little bit to the east and look at it

122

00:04:45,270 --> 00:04:42,560

from this same view almost the only

123

00:04:47,110 --> 00:04:45,280

thing you would see is the pacific ocean

124

00:04:48,469 --> 00:04:47,120

the oceans cover two-thirds of our

125

00:04:50,469 --> 00:04:48,479

planet's surface

126

00:04:54,710 --> 00:04:50,479

and they play an incredibly important

127

00:04:57,030 --> 00:04:54,720

role in our overall changing climate so

128

00:04:59,590 --> 00:04:57,040

in this sense um you might not be

129

00:05:01,590 --> 00:04:59,600

surprised that it's an ocean mission

130

00:05:05,110 --> 00:05:01,600

that's really measuring uh the most

131

00:05:07,990 --> 00:05:05,120

fundamental aspect of climate change

132

00:05:10,550 --> 00:05:08,000

so uh as uh mark kind of set up a little

133

00:05:13,029 --> 00:05:10,560

bit here uh this is the uh

134

00:05:15,749 --> 00:05:13,039

actual fourth mission in a long line of

135

00:05:17,110 --> 00:05:15,759

missions that have measured sea level

136

00:05:18,710 --> 00:05:17,120

from space

137

00:05:20,629 --> 00:05:18,720

starting with topex poseidon which was

138

00:05:23,270 --> 00:05:20,639

launched in 1992

139

00:05:26,469 --> 00:05:23,280

jason won in 2001 and this graphics a

140

00:05:29,110 --> 00:05:26,479

little old actually we lost jason one

141

00:05:30,550 --> 00:05:29,120

just a little under two years ago

142

00:05:33,029 --> 00:05:30,560

and jason two which is still in

143

00:05:35,029 --> 00:05:33,039

operation and of course jason three

144

00:05:37,830 --> 00:05:35,039

which we hope to launch this summer uh

145

00:05:39,510 --> 00:05:37,840

if all goes well

146

00:05:41,029 --> 00:05:39,520

why do we need to keep measuring the

147

00:05:43,830 --> 00:05:41,039

oceans like this

148

00:05:45,270 --> 00:05:43,840

uh well if we take a look at how jason

149

00:05:47,590 --> 00:05:45,280

works just to give you kind of a

150

00:05:49,590 --> 00:05:47,600

fundamental idea of what's going on with

151

00:05:51,510 --> 00:05:49,600

this satellite it looks something like

152

00:05:53,350 --> 00:05:51,520

this and in a sense it's one of the

153

00:05:55,189 --> 00:05:53,360

simplest measurements we can make from

154

00:05:57,510 --> 00:05:55,199

space it doesn't require a whole lot of

155

00:05:58,790 --> 00:05:57,520

interpretation or guesswork to kind of

156

00:06:01,029 --> 00:05:58,800

figure out what it is you're really

157

00:06:03,110 --> 00:06:01,039

measuring all you do is you bounce a

158

00:06:05,830 --> 00:06:03,120

radar wave off the surface of the ocean

159

00:06:07,830 --> 00:06:05,840

from your satellite so we shoot a radar

160

00:06:09,510 --> 00:06:07,840

wave down it comes back up

161

00:06:11,350 --> 00:06:09,520

it travels through the atmosphere and

162

00:06:13,510 --> 00:06:11,360

the ionosphere and some other things and

163

00:06:16,309 --> 00:06:13,520

we have to do some corrections in order

164

00:06:17,749 --> 00:06:16,319

to uh in order to understand this real

165

00:06:19,430 --> 00:06:17,759

distance but essentially we're just

166

00:06:20,629 --> 00:06:19,440

measuring how long it takes for this

167

00:06:22,629 --> 00:06:20,639

wave

168

00:06:24,950 --> 00:06:22,639

of electromagnetic energy essentially a

169

00:06:26,230 --> 00:06:24,960

radio wave to go down to the surface of

170

00:06:28,309 --> 00:06:26,240

the earth and

171

00:06:30,150 --> 00:06:28,319

come back up and that tells us the

172

00:06:31,590 --> 00:06:30,160

distance between the satellite and the

173

00:06:34,390 --> 00:06:31,600

surface of the ocean

174

00:06:36,870 --> 00:06:34,400

so if we know where the satellite is

175

00:06:39,430 --> 00:06:36,880

then we can figure out how tall the

176

00:06:41,430 --> 00:06:39,440

ocean is and essentially this

177

00:06:42,309 --> 00:06:41,440

mission flies about 800 miles out in

178

00:06:45,029 --> 00:06:42,319

space

179

00:06:48,309 --> 00:06:45,039

and it can measure the accuracy of about

180

00:06:49,590 --> 00:06:48,319

a 10 kilometer square on the ocean it

181

00:06:51,909 --> 00:06:49,600

can measure the sea level with an

182

00:06:54,309 --> 00:06:51,919

accuracy of about one inch from 800

183

00:06:55,110 --> 00:06:54,319

miles up so it's really an amazing piece

184

00:06:57,510 --> 00:06:55,120

of

185

00:06:59,909 --> 00:06:57,520

engineering and an amazing technological

186

00:07:00,790 --> 00:06:59,919

feat and when you do this

187

00:07:02,870 --> 00:07:00,800

once

188

00:07:05,110 --> 00:07:02,880

every few every second really for 10

189

00:07:08,150 --> 00:07:05,120

days you cover the entire surface of the

190

00:07:10,629 --> 00:07:08,160

earth earth's oceans uh or almost the

191

00:07:13,029 --> 00:07:10,639

entire surface once every 10 days you

192

00:07:14,710 --> 00:07:13,039

can see not only changes in the ocean

193

00:07:16,790 --> 00:07:14,720

that have to do with changes in ocean

194

00:07:18,870 --> 00:07:16,800

currents but you can also also see the

195

00:07:19,990 --> 00:07:18,880

increasing volume of the ocean as a

196

00:07:21,670 --> 00:07:20,000

whole

197

00:07:23,510 --> 00:07:21,680

so this is the way in which it really is

198

00:07:25,189 --> 00:07:23,520

one of the most fundamental tools for

199

00:07:27,990 --> 00:07:25,199

measuring climate change

200

00:07:29,189 --> 00:07:28,000

so uh uh just to give you an idea uh you

201

00:07:31,189 --> 00:07:29,199

know we keep talking about ocean

202

00:07:33,270 --> 00:07:31,199

currents and essentially whenever a

203

00:07:36,150 --> 00:07:33,280

large current happens in the ocean and

204

00:07:38,390 --> 00:07:36,160

it persists for several days or weeks

205

00:07:40,469 --> 00:07:38,400

then it literally tilts the surface of

206

00:07:41,909 --> 00:07:40,479

the ocean and we can measure that tilt

207

00:07:43,830 --> 00:07:41,919

with this satellite we can figure out

208

00:07:45,430 --> 00:07:43,840

what the currents are and how they're

209

00:07:46,710 --> 00:07:45,440

changing especially

210

00:07:48,629 --> 00:07:46,720

but when you average over the whole

211

00:07:49,830 --> 00:07:48,639

planet you really see this other signal

212

00:07:51,350 --> 00:07:49,840

which i'll talk more about as we go

213

00:07:52,390 --> 00:07:51,360

along

214

00:07:53,990 --> 00:07:52,400

now

215

00:07:59,110 --> 00:07:54,000

the

216

00:08:01,029 --> 00:07:59,120

all kinds of important uses and in april

217

00:08:03,189 --> 00:08:01,039

of 2010

218

00:08:04,390 --> 00:08:03,199

there was an explosion aboard the

219

00:08:07,670 --> 00:08:04,400

deepwater

220

00:08:10,390 --> 00:08:07,680

horizon oil rig in the gulf of mexico

221

00:08:13,430 --> 00:08:10,400

11 people were killed during the

222

00:08:15,909 --> 00:08:13,440

eventual sinking of this uh of this

223

00:08:18,710 --> 00:08:15,919

platform and many others were injured

224

00:08:21,029 --> 00:08:18,720

and eventually uh the platform uh was

225

00:08:22,790 --> 00:08:21,039

lost completely and

226

00:08:25,510 --> 00:08:22,800

the well it had been drilling began to

227

00:08:26,390 --> 00:08:25,520

spew oil into the gulf of mexico

228

00:08:28,710 --> 00:08:26,400

and

229

00:08:30,550 --> 00:08:28,720

it was because of satellites like the

230

00:08:32,709 --> 00:08:30,560

jason missions that we were really able

231

00:08:35,350 --> 00:08:32,719

to understand and predict

232

00:08:36,870 --> 00:08:35,360

the currents that would carry this oil

233

00:08:38,870 --> 00:08:36,880

around in the gulf stream eventually

234

00:08:41,029 --> 00:08:38,880

mixing it up and dispersing it

235

00:08:42,070 --> 00:08:41,039

some of it eventually probably even left

236

00:08:42,949 --> 00:08:42,080

the gulf

237

00:08:44,630 --> 00:08:42,959

through

238

00:08:46,310 --> 00:08:44,640

the gulf stream which runs around the

239

00:08:48,070 --> 00:08:46,320

southern tip of florida and heads out

240

00:08:50,150 --> 00:08:48,080

into the atlantic ocean

241

00:08:51,990 --> 00:08:50,160

so this is really an incredibly powerful

242

00:08:54,870 --> 00:08:52,000

tool for for understanding ocean

243

00:08:57,110 --> 00:08:54,880

currents and the json mission both one

244

00:08:59,030 --> 00:08:57,120

and two were in operation at this time

245

00:09:00,230 --> 00:08:59,040

and another satellite which measures sea

246

00:09:01,509 --> 00:09:00,240

surface height but in a slightly

247

00:09:04,389 --> 00:09:01,519

different way

248

00:09:07,110 --> 00:09:04,399

envysat was also used to

249

00:09:08,790 --> 00:09:07,120

map this oil slick so

250

00:09:10,710 --> 00:09:08,800

measuring the ocean currents from space

251
00:09:12,150 --> 00:09:10,720
has long been important to people like

252
00:09:14,790 --> 00:09:12,160
the navy

253
00:09:17,110 --> 00:09:14,800
and and other users of of data that

254
00:09:20,150 --> 00:09:17,120
tells you how the currents are are

255
00:09:21,990 --> 00:09:20,160
moving in the ocean fishermen as well

256
00:09:24,470 --> 00:09:22,000
another thing that measuring how tall

257
00:09:26,550 --> 00:09:24,480
the ocean tells you is how how warm the

258
00:09:30,150 --> 00:09:26,560
water is this is a really fundamental

259
00:09:32,470 --> 00:09:30,160
piece of uh how the oceans change warm

260
00:09:35,269 --> 00:09:32,480
water literally expands

261
00:09:38,389 --> 00:09:35,279
so a blob of warm water in the ocean

262
00:09:39,829 --> 00:09:38,399
stands taller than a blob of cold water

263
00:09:42,389 --> 00:09:39,839

and this is incredibly important for

264

00:09:44,790 --> 00:09:42,399

things like hurricanes which suck their

265

00:09:47,350 --> 00:09:44,800

energy out of the ocean in order to

266

00:09:49,590 --> 00:09:47,360

survive so these massive storms are

267

00:09:51,110 --> 00:09:49,600

skating over the surface of the ocean

268

00:09:54,070 --> 00:09:51,120

sucking up heat out of it and putting it

269

00:09:56,070 --> 00:09:54,080

into the atmosphere and as they do

270

00:09:57,590 --> 00:09:56,080

they mix up the ocean

271

00:10:00,070 --> 00:09:57,600

but what's really amazing about the

272

00:10:01,670 --> 00:10:00,080

satellite altimetry is it tells you not

273

00:10:03,990 --> 00:10:01,680

just that the ocean's warm right at the

274

00:10:07,030 --> 00:10:04,000

surface but that it's warm over depth

275

00:10:10,310 --> 00:10:07,040

too and so uh this is a plot showing the

276

00:10:12,630 --> 00:10:10,320

path of hurricane katrina where um

277

00:10:14,949 --> 00:10:12,640

uh essentially the the hurricane was

278

00:10:16,710 --> 00:10:14,959

fairly small as it had uh passed over

279

00:10:18,949 --> 00:10:16,720

the uh

280

00:10:20,790 --> 00:10:18,959

the southern tip of florida entered the

281

00:10:23,910 --> 00:10:20,800

gulf and as it started to turn north it

282

00:10:27,350 --> 00:10:23,920

hit this huge blob of warm water that

283

00:10:29,509 --> 00:10:27,360

was a giant eddy uh and this pool of

284

00:10:32,470 --> 00:10:29,519

warm water fueled it into the category

285

00:10:34,150 --> 00:10:32,480

four and eventually five hurricane which

286

00:10:36,310 --> 00:10:34,160

you which sped up and eventually made

287

00:10:38,870 --> 00:10:36,320

landfall very close to new orleans as

288

00:10:40,230 --> 00:10:38,880

you all know with disastrous results but

289

00:10:41,910 --> 00:10:40,240

if you only looked at the surface

290

00:10:44,470 --> 00:10:41,920

temperature of the oceans you wouldn't

291

00:10:46,389 --> 00:10:44,480

have been able to tell why the hurricane

292

00:10:49,509 --> 00:10:46,399

sped up right as it went across this big

293

00:10:52,550 --> 00:10:49,519

blob of warm water so it turns out that

294

00:10:54,550 --> 00:10:52,560

satellite altimeters also tell us about

295

00:10:56,790 --> 00:10:54,560

hurricanes and and how and where they

296

00:10:58,790 --> 00:10:56,800

might speed up due to the presence of

297

00:11:01,910 --> 00:10:58,800

extra warm water that's really hidden

298

00:11:05,910 --> 00:11:04,150

another trick that we can do with our

299

00:11:08,230 --> 00:11:05,920

altimeter data you know i said at the

300

00:11:10,710 --> 00:11:08,240

beginning that this is a follow-on

301
00:11:11,829 --> 00:11:10,720
mission to a series of satellites that's

302
00:11:14,150 --> 00:11:11,839
been flying

303
00:11:15,590 --> 00:11:14,160
since the early 90s so we now have over

304
00:11:17,910 --> 00:11:15,600
20 years

305
00:11:19,829 --> 00:11:17,920
of an incredibly accurate record of how

306
00:11:21,190 --> 00:11:19,839
the sea levels have changed all around

307
00:11:22,870 --> 00:11:21,200
the world

308
00:11:24,949 --> 00:11:22,880
and what's interesting is that we're

309
00:11:25,670 --> 00:11:24,959
slowly now starting to be able to tease

310
00:11:28,389 --> 00:11:25,680
out

311
00:11:31,910 --> 00:11:28,399
the part of sea level change

312
00:11:34,069 --> 00:11:31,920
local sea level change that's caused by

313
00:11:36,069 --> 00:11:34,079

human-caused climate change from the

314

00:11:37,910 --> 00:11:36,079

kind of natural fluctuations that happen

315

00:11:40,310 --> 00:11:37,920

in the ocean now if we look at the ocean

316

00:11:42,389 --> 00:11:40,320

as a whole if we average over the entire

317

00:11:45,030 --> 00:11:42,399

planet it's easy to see the human-caused

318

00:11:47,590 --> 00:11:45,040

component the long-term trend of global

319

00:11:49,910 --> 00:11:47,600

warming but if you look locally it can

320

00:11:51,910 --> 00:11:49,920

be swamped for a period of 20 years or

321

00:11:53,990 --> 00:11:51,920

so as a matter of fact on our coast

322

00:11:56,150 --> 00:11:54,000

right here in southern california we've

323

00:11:59,350 --> 00:11:56,160

had almost zero sea level rise for the

324

00:12:02,069 --> 00:11:59,360

last 20 years that's despite the fact

325

00:12:03,750 --> 00:12:02,079

that the entire planet has seen a couple

326

00:12:05,750 --> 00:12:03,760

inches of sea level rise

327

00:12:07,590 --> 00:12:05,760

so where did our sea level rise go well

328

00:12:09,350 --> 00:12:07,600

it turns out it went into the western

329

00:12:11,829 --> 00:12:09,360

pacific ocean

330

00:12:14,629 --> 00:12:11,839

due to a sort of natural cycle which we

331

00:12:16,629 --> 00:12:14,639

call the pacific decadal oscillation and

332

00:12:19,509 --> 00:12:16,639

finally now that we have this 20-year

333

00:12:22,310 --> 00:12:19,519

record of how the ocean levels are

334

00:12:24,550 --> 00:12:22,320

changing we can begin to tease apart the

335

00:12:25,509 --> 00:12:24,560

natural cycle which looks something like

336

00:12:28,870 --> 00:12:25,519

this

337

00:12:30,949 --> 00:12:28,880

from the part that's caused by uh that's

338

00:12:33,509 --> 00:12:30,959

really driven by human-caused climate

339

00:12:35,910 --> 00:12:33,519

change so this is a very recent study

340

00:12:37,829 --> 00:12:35,920

which was really exciting because it was

341

00:12:39,430 --> 00:12:37,839

the first one to really say look some of

342

00:12:41,190 --> 00:12:39,440

this warming in the western pacific

343

00:12:44,069 --> 00:12:41,200

which we used to think was just a

344

00:12:45,590 --> 00:12:44,079

natural cycle and would eventually

345

00:12:47,670 --> 00:12:45,600

cool back down

346

00:12:49,190 --> 00:12:47,680

maybe kind of permanent it may stick

347

00:12:51,509 --> 00:12:49,200

around and if we look in our climate

348

00:12:53,829 --> 00:12:51,519

models we see very similar patterns

349

00:12:56,310 --> 00:12:53,839

to where these things are warming so so

350

00:12:57,750 --> 00:12:56,320

this altimeter data is really helping us

351
00:13:01,110 --> 00:12:57,760

tease apart

352
00:13:02,389 --> 00:13:01,120

the human caused changes in our oceans

353
00:13:03,509 --> 00:13:02,399

from the

354
00:13:05,350 --> 00:13:03,519

kind of

355
00:13:07,509 --> 00:13:05,360

natural cycles that have always been

356
00:13:09,190 --> 00:13:07,519

there and will continue to be there so

357
00:13:10,949 --> 00:13:09,200

it's really an incredibly powerful data

358
00:13:13,030 --> 00:13:10,959

set and there's one last quick result i

359
00:13:13,910 --> 00:13:13,040

want to show you that's sort of new and

360
00:13:15,910 --> 00:13:13,920

fun

361
00:13:18,150 --> 00:13:15,920

i've been working with my colleague

362
00:13:20,790 --> 00:13:18,160

veronica neves to

363
00:13:23,430 --> 00:13:20,800

look at the recent global warming hiatus

364

00:13:24,790 --> 00:13:23,440

as it's been called now uh you may have

365

00:13:26,230 --> 00:13:24,800

heard something about this in the news

366

00:13:28,710 --> 00:13:26,240

scientists have been kind of puzzling

367

00:13:31,350 --> 00:13:28,720

over what's going on with uh global

368

00:13:33,350 --> 00:13:31,360

warming in the last 10 or 20 years um

369

00:13:34,389 --> 00:13:33,360

and it turns out that's actually a

370

00:13:35,990 --> 00:13:34,399

misnomer

371

00:13:38,470 --> 00:13:36,000

you shouldn't really be calling it the

372

00:13:41,030 --> 00:13:38,480

global warming hiatus because if we look

373

00:13:43,030 --> 00:13:41,040

at the surface temperature in the last

374

00:13:45,110 --> 00:13:43,040

20 years

375

00:13:48,550 --> 00:13:45,120

it was rising pretty fast in the 80s and

376

00:13:50,150 --> 00:13:48,560

90s and then in the last decade

377

00:13:51,350 --> 00:13:50,160

global surface temperature kind of

378

00:13:53,269 --> 00:13:51,360

flattened out

379

00:13:55,269 --> 00:13:53,279

and we didn't have a very fast rise in

380

00:13:57,189 --> 00:13:55,279

global surface temperature

381

00:13:58,949 --> 00:13:57,199

and it turns out if you look at the

382

00:14:01,269 --> 00:13:58,959

different places in the ocean that are

383

00:14:02,870 --> 00:14:01,279

either warming or cooling in the pacific

384

00:14:05,350 --> 00:14:02,880

ocean right at the surface we've had

385

00:14:07,670 --> 00:14:05,360

this enormous cooling

386

00:14:10,069 --> 00:14:07,680

so you know what's going on this cooling

387

00:14:12,870 --> 00:14:10,079

was big enough to kind of hide the

388

00:14:14,629 --> 00:14:12,880

increase in global surface temperature

389

00:14:16,389 --> 00:14:14,639

for the last 10 years

390

00:14:18,629 --> 00:14:16,399

um but

391

00:14:20,310 --> 00:14:18,639

as i probably already mentioned as we'll

392

00:14:22,710 --> 00:14:20,320

get to in a little bit

393

00:14:24,550 --> 00:14:22,720

global warming didn't really stop

394

00:14:28,150 --> 00:14:24,560

the surface temperature stopped

395

00:14:30,310 --> 00:14:28,160

increasing but the warming as a whole

396

00:14:31,590 --> 00:14:30,320

continued and it turns out that even

397

00:14:33,590 --> 00:14:31,600

though there wasn't much warming at the

398

00:14:35,750 --> 00:14:33,600

surface there was a lot of warming going

399

00:14:38,470 --> 00:14:35,760

on just below the surface in the pacific

400

00:14:41,590 --> 00:14:38,480

so a lot of this heat was hiding in what

401
00:14:44,470 --> 00:14:41,600
we call the pacific warm pool so really

402
00:14:46,470 --> 00:14:44,480
there is no hiatus in global warming

403
00:14:47,750 --> 00:14:46,480
there was a bit of a hiatus in surface

404
00:14:49,910 --> 00:14:47,760
temperature

405
00:14:51,750 --> 00:14:49,920
but in terms of global warming we're

406
00:14:54,550 --> 00:14:51,760
still chugging right along as you'll see

407
00:14:56,150 --> 00:14:54,560
in some slides a little bit later

408
00:14:57,350 --> 00:14:56,160
so you know i want to talk about global

409
00:14:58,870 --> 00:14:57,360
warming but you can't really talk about

410
00:15:00,790 --> 00:14:58,880
global warming without talking about the

411
00:15:02,389 --> 00:15:00,800
weather a little bit and it's important

412
00:15:04,470 --> 00:15:02,399
to remember that the weather is

413
00:15:07,030 --> 00:15:04,480

different than climate so you know right

414

00:15:08,949 --> 00:15:07,040

now we're having a heat wave it's hot

415

00:15:10,870 --> 00:15:08,959

you know i got in my car

416

00:15:13,269 --> 00:15:10,880

on the lab this afternoon and the little

417

00:15:14,230 --> 00:15:13,279

thermometer read 91 degrees

418

00:15:15,509 --> 00:15:14,240

so

419

00:15:17,910 --> 00:15:15,519

it's been a heatwave we've had a little

420

00:15:19,670 --> 00:15:17,920

mini heat wave here in in california and

421

00:15:22,710 --> 00:15:19,680

of course on the east coast they're

422

00:15:24,230 --> 00:15:22,720

getting blasted with huge snowstorms

423

00:15:25,670 --> 00:15:24,240

but you got to remember that not

424

00:15:28,230 --> 00:15:25,680

everything

425

00:15:30,710 --> 00:15:28,240

is related to global warming we get

426

00:15:32,230 --> 00:15:30,720

these warm spells and cold spells and

427

00:15:34,629 --> 00:15:32,240

they come and go and this is just part

428

00:15:37,269 --> 00:15:34,639

of the natural weather that we've had

429

00:15:38,710 --> 00:15:37,279

for for decades for millennia

430

00:15:41,509 --> 00:15:38,720

so you know

431

00:15:43,189 --> 00:15:41,519

sometimes we try and we go wait uh

432

00:15:45,269 --> 00:15:43,199

tonight's lecture is cancelled on global

433

00:15:46,949 --> 00:15:45,279

warming because we're snowed out right

434

00:15:48,949 --> 00:15:46,959

so global warming must not be real but

435

00:15:51,189 --> 00:15:48,959

but hold on you know you got to remember

436

00:15:52,949 --> 00:15:51,199

this is really a weather phenomenon it's

437

00:15:54,389 --> 00:15:52,959

not a climate phenomenon this is

438

00:15:56,389 --> 00:15:54,399

something that comes and goes in the

439

00:15:59,030 --> 00:15:56,399

matter of a week or two

440

00:16:00,790 --> 00:15:59,040

and it can take us on an awful wild ride

441

00:16:02,230 --> 00:16:00,800

but it's really not human-caused climate

442

00:16:03,749 --> 00:16:02,240

change it's important to keep that in

443

00:16:05,749 --> 00:16:03,759

mind

444

00:16:09,030 --> 00:16:05,759

the climate you could define as the

445

00:16:12,470 --> 00:16:09,040

long-term usual weather conditions of an

446

00:16:14,150 --> 00:16:12,480

area a country or a planet so

447

00:16:15,749 --> 00:16:14,160

you have to keep in mind that climate is

448

00:16:18,470 --> 00:16:15,759

something that changes over the course

449

00:16:20,230 --> 00:16:18,480

of decades or a century

450

00:16:22,710 --> 00:16:20,240

but not two weeks

451
00:16:24,550 --> 00:16:22,720
that's not climate change

452
00:16:26,389 --> 00:16:24,560
but what is climate change when i talk

453
00:16:28,069 --> 00:16:26,399
about global warming we often look at

454
00:16:31,829 --> 00:16:28,079
this curve this is the temperature curve

455
00:16:33,910 --> 00:16:31,839
for the last 120 or 30 years

456
00:16:36,069 --> 00:16:33,920
and it's the surface temperature this is

457
00:16:37,829 --> 00:16:36,079
again how the surface temperature has

458
00:16:39,910 --> 00:16:37,839
changed and you can see right at the end

459
00:16:41,350 --> 00:16:39,920
of this this is not a this is not

460
00:16:43,910 --> 00:16:41,360
totally up to date but right at the end

461
00:16:45,430 --> 00:16:43,920
here's our hiatus right this tiny little

462
00:16:46,230 --> 00:16:45,440
flat plateau

463
00:16:47,590 --> 00:16:46,240

but

464

00:16:48,870 --> 00:16:47,600

what's global warming well global

465

00:16:50,790 --> 00:16:48,880

warming is this

466

00:16:52,949 --> 00:16:50,800

degree and a half fahrenheit of increase

467

00:16:55,829 --> 00:16:52,959

that we've seen over the last 100 years

468

00:16:58,310 --> 00:16:55,839

and that's actually not stopping

469

00:16:59,590 --> 00:16:58,320

if uh if we look at at climate change

470

00:17:02,790 --> 00:16:59,600

and global warming and kind of the

471

00:17:05,110 --> 00:17:02,800

context of the last 10 000 years it

472

00:17:07,189 --> 00:17:05,120

really brings to light why this is such

473

00:17:09,429 --> 00:17:07,199

an important issue and one we we can't

474

00:17:11,029 --> 00:17:09,439

really afford to just ignore

475

00:17:13,350 --> 00:17:11,039

or blow off

476
00:17:15,909 --> 00:17:13,360
for the last 10 000 years

477
00:17:17,510 --> 00:17:15,919
human beings have enjoyed a very stable

478
00:17:19,590 --> 00:17:17,520
climate

479
00:17:21,750 --> 00:17:19,600
prior to this

480
00:17:23,110 --> 00:17:21,760
people were more or less evolved into

481
00:17:25,189 --> 00:17:23,120
what they are today

482
00:17:28,230 --> 00:17:25,199
but we were nomadic we would

483
00:17:30,630 --> 00:17:28,240
not settle in single places and

484
00:17:33,190 --> 00:17:30,640
farming was not really developed until

485
00:17:35,350 --> 00:17:33,200
the climate stabilized about 10 000

486
00:17:37,830 --> 00:17:35,360
years ago and it stabilized into this

487
00:17:39,750 --> 00:17:37,840
relatively warm climate now that's not

488
00:17:41,750 --> 00:17:39,760

to say nothing was going on in terms of

489

00:17:44,630 --> 00:17:41,760

climate you guys might have heard about

490

00:17:46,630 --> 00:17:44,640

the little ice age uh well

491

00:17:48,310 --> 00:17:46,640

the little ice age followed what was

492

00:17:50,230 --> 00:17:48,320

called the medieval warm period which

493

00:17:52,470 --> 00:17:50,240

was a little warm period right here this

494

00:17:54,070 --> 00:17:52,480

is surface temperature over the last 20

495

00:17:55,909 --> 00:17:54,080

000 years

496

00:17:58,150 --> 00:17:55,919

and the scale gets a little finer as you

497

00:18:00,630 --> 00:17:58,160

go to the right but 20 000 years ago we

498

00:18:01,830 --> 00:18:00,640

were in the middle of an enormous

499

00:18:03,350 --> 00:18:01,840

ice age

500

00:18:04,549 --> 00:18:03,360

excuse me

501
00:18:07,029 --> 00:18:04,559
and this

502
00:18:09,590 --> 00:18:07,039
was a period of time when glaciers

503
00:18:11,830 --> 00:18:09,600
covered much of north america chicago

504
00:18:14,230 --> 00:18:11,840
was buried under two miles of ice

505
00:18:16,230 --> 00:18:14,240
the great lakes were being formed and it

506
00:18:19,270 --> 00:18:16,240
was an incredibly different climate and

507
00:18:20,710 --> 00:18:19,280
human beings didn't really settle down

508
00:18:21,669 --> 00:18:20,720
and begin to

509
00:18:25,029 --> 00:18:21,679
develop

510
00:18:28,630 --> 00:18:25,039
farming techniques and eventually

511
00:18:30,789 --> 00:18:28,640
cities and states and technology and

512
00:18:31,669 --> 00:18:30,799
iphones right we didn't get iphones

513
00:18:34,630 --> 00:18:31,679

until

514

00:18:37,270 --> 00:18:34,640
10 000 years of a stable climate

515

00:18:39,590 --> 00:18:37,280
so if we look out into the future

516

00:18:41,830 --> 00:18:39,600
this was the change out of the last ice

517

00:18:43,750 --> 00:18:41,840
age into the stable period it's about

518

00:18:46,070 --> 00:18:43,760
five degrees celsius in the global

519

00:18:48,789 --> 00:18:46,080
average and what we're looking at in the

520

00:18:50,710 --> 00:18:48,799
next 100 years relatively short time

521

00:18:52,070 --> 00:18:50,720
period compared to the last 10 000 in

522

00:18:54,789 --> 00:18:52,080
the next 100 years we're looking at

523

00:18:58,390 --> 00:18:54,799
something between two and five degrees

524

00:19:00,230 --> 00:18:58,400
celsius of warming so this is a major

525

00:19:02,870 --> 00:19:00,240
change in our climate we're looking at

526
00:19:05,110 --> 00:19:02,880
an incredibly different planet compared

527
00:19:07,029 --> 00:19:05,120
to the one we've had and enjoyed for ten

528
00:19:08,710 --> 00:19:07,039
thousand years the one we've built our

529
00:19:11,350 --> 00:19:08,720
civilization on

530
00:19:13,190 --> 00:19:11,360
so it's a pretty major change now i'm

531
00:19:14,630 --> 00:19:13,200
not saying it's the end of the world

532
00:19:16,789 --> 00:19:14,640
but it's definitely something we're

533
00:19:18,870 --> 00:19:16,799
going to have to deal with

534
00:19:21,510 --> 00:19:18,880
so uh what do you think causes climate

535
00:19:24,710 --> 00:19:23,190
this is the interactive portion so feel

536
00:19:26,789 --> 00:19:24,720
free to

537
00:19:29,270 --> 00:19:26,799
just yell it out

538
00:19:31,669 --> 00:19:29,280

co2 somebody said uh some would say

539

00:19:33,029 --> 00:19:31,679

democrats

540

00:19:36,310 --> 00:19:33,039

um

541

00:19:38,549 --> 00:19:36,320

it's not al gore's fault uh you know

542

00:19:39,669 --> 00:19:38,559

not everybody loves al but uh but you

543

00:19:41,190 --> 00:19:39,679

know it's not his fault that we're

544

00:19:43,830 --> 00:19:41,200

heating up the planet he was really just

545

00:19:45,190 --> 00:19:43,840

the messenger or one of them um but what

546

00:19:48,549 --> 00:19:45,200

what really causes climate change you

547

00:19:50,549 --> 00:19:48,559

guys got it it's co2 um if we look back

548

00:19:53,990 --> 00:19:50,559

over the last hundred thousand years of

549

00:19:56,549 --> 00:19:54,000

the planet's history we see these rises

550

00:19:59,350 --> 00:19:56,559

and falls in co2 and these actually

551
00:20:02,070 --> 00:19:59,360
track the rises and falls in the

552
00:20:02,870 --> 00:20:02,080
temperature of uh the

553
00:20:07,430 --> 00:20:02,880
the

554
00:20:09,029 --> 00:20:07,440
sort of

555
00:20:11,590 --> 00:20:09,039
ten thousand years of warming in a

556
00:20:14,070 --> 00:20:11,600
hundred thousand years of cooling

557
00:20:15,510 --> 00:20:14,080
go back for millions of years and what

558
00:20:17,029 --> 00:20:15,520
had happened was you know we talked

559
00:20:19,590 --> 00:20:17,039
about twenty thousand years ago that was

560
00:20:21,750 --> 00:20:19,600
the end of this last cold period

561
00:20:24,549 --> 00:20:21,760
and then we warmed up out of this

562
00:20:27,350 --> 00:20:24,559
cold period into the holocene that 10

563
00:20:28,870 --> 00:20:27,360

000 years of sweet climate

564

00:20:30,950 --> 00:20:28,880

and now what we're doing is we're

565

00:20:34,390 --> 00:20:30,960

looking at putting carbon dioxide up to

566

00:20:36,070 --> 00:20:34,400

levels that haven't been seen for

567

00:20:37,190 --> 00:20:36,080

hundreds of thousands probably millions

568

00:20:39,110 --> 00:20:37,200

of years

569

00:20:40,390 --> 00:20:39,120

so we're changing our

570

00:20:42,789 --> 00:20:40,400

composition we're changing the

571

00:20:45,270 --> 00:20:42,799

composition of our atmosphere in a way

572

00:20:48,149 --> 00:20:45,280

we've now pushed past the 400 parts per

573

00:20:49,350 --> 00:20:48,159

million mark which is about right here

574

00:20:51,590 --> 00:20:49,360

and we've done it in the last hundred

575

00:20:53,350 --> 00:20:51,600

years so this is a major change in the

576
00:20:55,830 --> 00:20:53,360
composition of our atmosphere now often

577
00:20:57,350 --> 00:20:55,840
people ask me how do you know that and

578
00:20:59,590 --> 00:20:57,360
we have all kinds of techniques i like

579
00:21:00,870 --> 00:20:59,600
to talk a little bit about how we know

580
00:21:02,470 --> 00:21:00,880
the information we know because i think

581
00:21:03,909 --> 00:21:02,480
it's important

582
00:21:05,909 --> 00:21:03,919
you know if you drill down through the

583
00:21:07,110 --> 00:21:05,919
ice cores uh if you drill down through

584
00:21:10,390 --> 00:21:07,120
glaciers

585
00:21:11,270 --> 00:21:10,400
for the moment

586
00:21:13,029 --> 00:21:11,280
where

587
00:21:15,029 --> 00:21:13,039
the snow doesn't melt completely every

588
00:21:17,190 --> 00:21:15,039

year and it stacks on top of each other

589

00:21:19,110 --> 00:21:17,200

and you can see these annual layers and

590

00:21:21,190 --> 00:21:19,120

if you drill down through that through

591

00:21:23,190 --> 00:21:21,200

these annual layers you can find tiny

592

00:21:25,669 --> 00:21:23,200

little bubbles where the air has been

593

00:21:27,430 --> 00:21:25,679

captured and you can measure the old

594

00:21:29,350 --> 00:21:27,440

atmosphere

595

00:21:31,270 --> 00:21:29,360

all the way back hundreds of thousands

596

00:21:33,510 --> 00:21:31,280

of years and that's how we build these

597

00:21:35,350 --> 00:21:33,520

records of carbon dioxide and you can

598

00:21:37,270 --> 00:21:35,360

actually measure temperature separately

599

00:21:39,590 --> 00:21:37,280

so you can measure both carbon dioxide

600

00:21:41,510 --> 00:21:39,600

and temperature based on the isotopes

601
00:21:43,909 --> 00:21:41,520
that get taken up

602
00:21:45,110 --> 00:21:43,919
and the amount of actual co2 trapped in

603
00:21:47,510 --> 00:21:45,120
the little bubbles

604
00:21:48,710 --> 00:21:47,520
so uh we have a pretty good record you

605
00:21:50,310 --> 00:21:48,720
know often people say well there was

606
00:21:52,710 --> 00:21:50,320
nobody around a million years ago how do

607
00:21:55,590 --> 00:21:52,720
you know co2 was what it was well this

608
00:21:57,590 --> 00:21:55,600
is how we know we we dig it up

609
00:22:00,070 --> 00:21:57,600
now every global warming talk has a

610
00:22:01,029 --> 00:22:00,080
slide like this and this is mine

611
00:22:04,549 --> 00:22:01,039
uh

612
00:22:07,190 --> 00:22:04,559
this is a a just a simple schematic

613
00:22:09,990 --> 00:22:07,200

of what causes global warming so all of

614

00:22:12,470 --> 00:22:10,000

the important energy that we get for

615

00:22:14,549 --> 00:22:12,480

our planet's climate comes from the sun

616

00:22:16,149 --> 00:22:14,559

and this energy essentially goes right

617

00:22:17,990 --> 00:22:16,159

through the atmosphere

618

00:22:19,990 --> 00:22:18,000

you can see the sunlight when you walk

619

00:22:21,430 --> 00:22:20,000

outside and even though it's gone all

620

00:22:23,270 --> 00:22:21,440

the way through the atmosphere and the

621

00:22:25,270 --> 00:22:23,280

reason is because the sunlight is

622

00:22:26,390 --> 00:22:25,280

basically uh the atmosphere is

623

00:22:28,230 --> 00:22:26,400

transparent

624

00:22:29,750 --> 00:22:28,240

when it comes to sunlight sunlight goes

625

00:22:31,990 --> 00:22:29,760

right through now some bounces off

626
00:22:33,669 --> 00:22:32,000
clouds and other things yes but by and

627
00:22:35,510 --> 00:22:33,679
large most of the energy goes right

628
00:22:38,230 --> 00:22:35,520
through the atmosphere and it gets

629
00:22:39,750 --> 00:22:38,240
absorbed at the surface and remember

630
00:22:42,310 --> 00:22:39,760
two-thirds of the ocean two-thirds of

631
00:22:43,830 --> 00:22:42,320
the surfaces i gave it away

632
00:22:47,190 --> 00:22:43,840
ocean right

633
00:22:48,470 --> 00:22:47,200
so by and large this energy is heating

634
00:22:51,909 --> 00:22:48,480
up the oceans

635
00:22:54,630 --> 00:22:51,919
and that warm uh ocean

636
00:22:56,950 --> 00:22:54,640
radiates energy back out towards space

637
00:22:58,630 --> 00:22:56,960
so we've got the energy coming in gets

638
00:23:00,710 --> 00:22:58,640

sucked up by the ocean and gets spit

639

00:23:03,029 --> 00:23:00,720

back out toward the atmosphere now the

640

00:23:03,990 --> 00:23:03,039

problem is that the energy going out is

641

00:23:08,230 --> 00:23:04,000

different

642

00:23:10,549 --> 00:23:08,240

it's long wave radiation what we call uh

643

00:23:13,510 --> 00:23:10,559

infrared radiation and the atmosphere

644

00:23:15,430 --> 00:23:13,520

actually absorbs that and the amount

645

00:23:18,630 --> 00:23:15,440

that it absorbs it depends on how much

646

00:23:20,390 --> 00:23:18,640

carbon dioxide there is so very simply

647

00:23:23,669 --> 00:23:20,400

if we change the composition of the

648

00:23:27,029 --> 00:23:23,679

atmosphere we're trapping extra heat on

649

00:23:28,710 --> 00:23:27,039

the planet right so the question is

650

00:23:31,750 --> 00:23:28,720

where does the heat go

651
00:23:33,830 --> 00:23:31,760
well mark ruined the answer already

652
00:23:37,750 --> 00:23:33,840
by telling you in the beginning

653
00:23:40,470 --> 00:23:37,760
but anybody want to guess

654
00:23:43,110 --> 00:23:40,480
the oceans yes i heard somebody say it

655
00:23:45,830 --> 00:23:43,120
that counts you get extra credit

656
00:23:47,669 --> 00:23:45,840
uh yeah over 90 percent of the heat

657
00:23:49,590 --> 00:23:47,679
trapped by global warming is going into

658
00:23:51,350 --> 00:23:49,600
the oceans so if you're not really

659
00:23:54,230 --> 00:23:51,360
looking in the oceans you're not really

660
00:23:57,190 --> 00:23:54,240
seeing the signal so even though we

661
00:23:58,789 --> 00:23:57,200
think of global warming as global

662
00:24:01,830 --> 00:23:58,799
temperature increase

663
00:24:03,510 --> 00:24:01,840

really it's here it's global heating

664

00:24:05,830 --> 00:24:03,520

it's that extra heat that's trapped in

665

00:24:07,990 --> 00:24:05,840

the ocean that's really important that's

666

00:24:09,510 --> 00:24:08,000

really changing our climate so almost

667

00:24:11,830 --> 00:24:09,520

all of the action in terms of global

668

00:24:14,230 --> 00:24:11,840

warming is really in the oceans now why

669

00:24:16,149 --> 00:24:14,240

is that now you can do a simple

670

00:24:18,630 --> 00:24:16,159

experiment if you take a a simple

671

00:24:22,310 --> 00:24:18,640

balloon and you fill it with air and you

672

00:24:24,470 --> 00:24:22,320

hold a lighter to it what happens

673

00:24:26,710 --> 00:24:24,480

it pops yes someone on the internet said

674

00:24:28,549 --> 00:24:26,720

it pops

675

00:24:30,710 --> 00:24:28,559

if you take a balloon filled with water

676

00:24:33,590 --> 00:24:30,720

and you do the same trick

677

00:24:35,909 --> 00:24:33,600

what happens

678

00:24:36,870 --> 00:24:35,919

it doesn't pop that's right somebody

679

00:24:39,830 --> 00:24:36,880

said it

680

00:24:41,190 --> 00:24:39,840

in fact the water is so good at sucking

681

00:24:43,350 --> 00:24:41,200

up the heat

682

00:24:45,669 --> 00:24:43,360

that the skin on the balloon the rubber

683

00:24:47,190 --> 00:24:45,679

doesn't have time to melt so

684

00:24:48,390 --> 00:24:47,200

this is an experiment you can try at

685

00:24:49,909 --> 00:24:48,400

home

686

00:24:53,590 --> 00:24:49,919

or it's an experiment you can try in

687

00:24:56,630 --> 00:24:53,600

about about a room full of 100 people

688

00:25:00,390 --> 00:24:57,909

since i'm in a room filled with 100

689

00:25:03,510 --> 00:25:00,400

people i figured i'll try it

690

00:25:06,470 --> 00:25:03,520

so some of you in the front row

691

00:25:07,909 --> 00:25:06,480

may be in harm's way

692

00:25:09,830 --> 00:25:07,919

so

693

00:25:13,029 --> 00:25:09,840

trust me

694

00:25:21,029 --> 00:25:14,630

all right so this is a balloon that's

695

00:25:25,269 --> 00:25:22,310

and i could keep going and fill it with

696

00:25:25,279 --> 00:25:29,750

you guys want to keep going

697

00:25:32,789 --> 00:25:30,630

and

698

00:25:34,310 --> 00:25:32,799

if i tie it off

699

00:25:35,750 --> 00:25:34,320

which i'm going to make a big production

700

00:25:36,789 --> 00:25:35,760

of

701

00:25:37,990 --> 00:25:36,799

um

702

00:25:40,310 --> 00:25:38,000

no i'm not i'm just going to hold the

703

00:25:41,990 --> 00:25:40,320

flame to it if i tie it off

704

00:25:44,310 --> 00:25:42,000

and hold the flame to it you guys can

705

00:25:46,390 --> 00:25:44,320

guess that it's going to pop so let's

706

00:25:48,710 --> 00:25:46,400

see how long it takes to pop the balloon

707

00:25:50,870 --> 00:25:48,720

filled with air with a lighter

708

00:25:52,390 --> 00:25:50,880

are you guys ready

709

00:25:53,990 --> 00:25:52,400

are you sure you're ready

710

00:25:55,669 --> 00:25:54,000

all right here we go

711

00:25:57,669 --> 00:25:55,679

you should close your eyes and your ears

712

00:25:59,350 --> 00:25:57,679

and anyone with a pacemaker heart

713

00:26:00,789 --> 00:25:59,360

condition

714

00:26:04,149 --> 00:26:00,799

now would be the time to leave the room

715

00:26:10,630 --> 00:26:05,430

boom

716

00:26:14,470 --> 00:26:12,950

um so there's only one thing left to do

717

00:26:16,630 --> 00:26:14,480

and that's try it with a water balloon

718

00:26:19,029 --> 00:26:16,640

so we're gonna do that um the water

719

00:26:21,110 --> 00:26:19,039

balloon won't pop either uh

720

00:26:22,870 --> 00:26:21,120

just like in the video

721

00:26:29,510 --> 00:26:22,880

and i know this because i'm a scientist

722

00:26:31,990 --> 00:26:30,630

all right

723

00:26:35,830 --> 00:26:32,000

you people in the front row are in

724

00:26:41,269 --> 00:26:38,789

this is strictly the policy of uh the

725

00:26:42,390 --> 00:26:41,279

auditorium that i use this bucket

726

00:26:44,630 --> 00:26:42,400

um because there's all kinds of

727

00:26:47,669 --> 00:26:44,640

sensitive electronic equipment you guys

728

00:26:50,230 --> 00:26:47,679

are fine that would be great um in honor

729

00:26:52,070 --> 00:26:50,240

because it's valentine's day

730

00:26:53,269 --> 00:26:52,080

i decided it should be a pink ocean

731

00:26:57,190 --> 00:26:53,279

today

732

00:26:59,909 --> 00:26:58,149

okay

733

00:27:01,909 --> 00:26:59,919

uh we're gonna try this and and just see

734

00:27:03,590 --> 00:27:01,919

what happens what i want you guys to do

735

00:27:06,230 --> 00:27:03,600

is count how long

736

00:27:07,590 --> 00:27:06,240

it takes for me to pop the balloon okay

737

00:27:10,230 --> 00:27:07,600

filled with water

738

00:27:11,909 --> 00:27:10,240

you're gonna be fine

739

00:27:14,549 --> 00:27:11,919

um

740

00:27:23,990 --> 00:27:14,559

this almost always works

741

00:27:24,000 --> 00:27:27,669

getting kind of nervous guys

742

00:27:27,679 --> 00:27:35,029

you guys are good at counting

743

00:27:35,039 --> 00:27:40,630

getting hot in here

744

00:27:45,190 --> 00:27:42,230

20 is good right

745

00:27:47,269 --> 00:27:45,200

yay we can stop at 20. look

746

00:27:49,190 --> 00:27:47,279

look um and actually if you want to feel

747

00:27:50,870 --> 00:27:49,200

it uh

748

00:27:53,909 --> 00:27:50,880

it's not even hot right

749

00:27:55,350 --> 00:27:53,919

yeah it's because

750

00:27:56,950 --> 00:27:55,360

it's because the balloon is so good at

751
00:27:58,149 --> 00:27:56,960
taking up heat and the water sucks up

752
00:28:02,389 --> 00:27:58,159
all the heat and that's that's why it

753
00:28:05,269 --> 00:28:03,590
ah

754
00:28:06,630 --> 00:28:05,279
all right

755
00:28:08,230 --> 00:28:06,640
so

756
00:28:10,950 --> 00:28:08,240
that was the scariest part for me i know

757
00:28:12,710 --> 00:28:10,960
it was for you too

758
00:28:15,029 --> 00:28:12,720
that's why i got to drink some water so

759
00:28:17,350 --> 00:28:15,039
uh what did we learn

760
00:28:18,149 --> 00:28:17,360
nothing i knew it great

761
00:28:20,470 --> 00:28:18,159
um

762
00:28:22,389 --> 00:28:20,480
so uh really the point here is that

763
00:28:23,190 --> 00:28:22,399

water is kind of an amazing substance

764

00:28:25,350 --> 00:28:23,200

and

765

00:28:26,149 --> 00:28:25,360

two-thirds of our planet is covered by

766

00:28:29,110 --> 00:28:26,159

it

767

00:28:30,549 --> 00:28:29,120

to a depth of about four kilometers

768

00:28:33,909 --> 00:28:30,559

couple of miles

769

00:28:35,350 --> 00:28:33,919

so this is a huge volume of water and

770

00:28:37,590 --> 00:28:35,360

essentially what we're doing with

771

00:28:40,630 --> 00:28:37,600

climate change is holding a great big

772

00:28:45,669 --> 00:28:40,640

lighter to it and waiting for sea level

773

00:28:48,310 --> 00:28:47,430

on that happy note

774

00:28:50,149 --> 00:28:48,320

um

775

00:28:52,389 --> 00:28:50,159

just to kind of revisit what's going on

776

00:28:53,990 --> 00:28:52,399

uh you know if we imagine our sun again

777

00:28:56,310 --> 00:28:54,000

and our atmosphere

778

00:28:59,110 --> 00:28:56,320

before climate change started so say

779

00:29:01,430 --> 00:28:59,120

during that 10 000 year period of

780

00:29:02,789 --> 00:29:01,440

climate happiness um

781

00:29:05,029 --> 00:29:02,799

essentially we were getting the same

782

00:29:07,350 --> 00:29:05,039

amount of energy coming in from the sun

783

00:29:09,909 --> 00:29:07,360

as was going back out into space

784

00:29:13,110 --> 00:29:09,919

and what happened in the last 150 years

785

00:29:14,549 --> 00:29:13,120

is we reshaped the atmosphere we changed

786

00:29:17,029 --> 00:29:14,559

the composition of the atmosphere and we

787

00:29:18,549 --> 00:29:17,039

started keeping more of this heat on the

788

00:29:20,389 --> 00:29:18,559

planet

789

00:29:21,990 --> 00:29:20,399

so if you look at our our little happy

790

00:29:23,510 --> 00:29:22,000

earth what's happening is he's getting

791

00:29:26,870 --> 00:29:23,520

warmer right

792

00:29:29,350 --> 00:29:26,880

he's turning into hot earth now uh

793

00:29:31,029 --> 00:29:29,360

eventually this heat goes somewhere it

794

00:29:32,149 --> 00:29:31,039

warms up the oceans it warms up the

795

00:29:33,590 --> 00:29:32,159

atmosphere

796

00:29:35,350 --> 00:29:33,600

eventually

797

00:29:38,149 --> 00:29:35,360

you get a warm enough

798

00:29:40,710 --> 00:29:38,159

atmosphere that it starts sending more

799

00:29:43,669 --> 00:29:40,720

radiation back out into space so you

800

00:29:46,470 --> 00:29:43,679

achieve a new balance a new

801
00:29:48,870 --> 00:29:46,480
earth a new climate but the penalty for

802
00:29:50,870 --> 00:29:48,880
that new balance is that now you've got

803
00:29:52,310 --> 00:29:50,880
a warmer earth you've heated up your

804
00:29:54,789 --> 00:29:52,320
planet

805
00:29:56,950 --> 00:29:54,799
but remember i said that global warming

806
00:29:59,990 --> 00:29:56,960
is all happening in the oceans

807
00:30:02,230 --> 00:30:00,000
so in order to get from the left earth

808
00:30:04,789 --> 00:30:02,240
that's normal and cool to the right

809
00:30:06,630 --> 00:30:04,799
earth that's hot and sweaty you have to

810
00:30:09,430 --> 00:30:06,640
first heat up the oceans

811
00:30:10,870 --> 00:30:09,440
and heating up the oceans is a huge task

812
00:30:12,789 --> 00:30:10,880
because they're so big

813
00:30:14,310 --> 00:30:12,799

in fact it takes something like a

814

00:30:16,310 --> 00:30:14,320
thousand years

815

00:30:19,190 --> 00:30:16,320
for the heat we put in the ocean today

816

00:30:21,590 --> 00:30:19,200
to spread through the entire oceans uh

817

00:30:24,230 --> 00:30:21,600
and eventually circulate back up

818

00:30:26,310 --> 00:30:24,240
to the surface so we're setting in

819

00:30:27,909 --> 00:30:26,320
motion changes by changing this

820

00:30:29,750 --> 00:30:27,919
composition the atmosphere that are

821

00:30:31,190 --> 00:30:29,760
going to be with us for something like a

822

00:30:33,510 --> 00:30:31,200
thousand years

823

00:30:37,110 --> 00:30:33,520
so if you go back to my title about

824

00:30:39,590 --> 00:30:37,120
irreversibility no way back um you know

825

00:30:41,510 --> 00:30:39,600
in terms of a human scale in terms of

826

00:30:43,510 --> 00:30:41,520

people alive today our children our

827

00:30:44,950 --> 00:30:43,520

grandchildren our great grandchildren

828

00:30:47,110 --> 00:30:44,960

we're really looking at changes that

829

00:30:49,110 --> 00:30:47,120

we're not going to be able to undo in

830

00:30:51,190 --> 00:30:49,120

any easy way

831

00:30:53,269 --> 00:30:51,200

for thousands of years

832

00:30:55,269 --> 00:30:53,279

sea level rise will continue to happen

833

00:30:57,350 --> 00:30:55,279

even after we stop putting carbon

834

00:31:00,230 --> 00:30:57,360

dioxide in the atmosphere because it

835

00:31:03,669 --> 00:31:00,240

takes the oceans so long to absorb and

836

00:31:04,710 --> 00:31:03,679

eventually redistribute this heat

837

00:31:07,909 --> 00:31:04,720

so

838

00:31:09,990 --> 00:31:07,919

is global warming really happening um

839

00:31:11,830 --> 00:31:10,000

i say yes um

840

00:31:12,950 --> 00:31:11,840

my friends say yes

841

00:31:15,110 --> 00:31:12,960

uh

842

00:31:16,710 --> 00:31:15,120

if you haven't seen ice age two global

843

00:31:18,230 --> 00:31:16,720

warming is like the bad guy and sea

844

00:31:20,310 --> 00:31:18,240

level rise is happening it's a great

845

00:31:22,070 --> 00:31:20,320

movie anyway

846

00:31:24,310 --> 00:31:22,080

but not everybody believes that global

847

00:31:26,070 --> 00:31:24,320

warming is real some of our

848

00:31:29,590 --> 00:31:26,080

some of our friends on the radio

849

00:31:31,590 --> 00:31:29,600

still don't uh don't agree and in fact

850

00:31:33,750 --> 00:31:31,600

also since valentine's day is coming up

851

00:31:35,990 --> 00:31:33,760

i thought i'd just take a second and

852

00:31:38,630 --> 00:31:36,000

tell this little story a couple years

853

00:31:40,549 --> 00:31:38,640

ago i wrote a paper about

854

00:31:42,070 --> 00:31:40,559

about climate change

855

00:31:44,070 --> 00:31:42,080

suggesting that the oceans had actually

856

00:31:46,549 --> 00:31:44,080

cooled off a little bit

857

00:31:49,509 --> 00:31:46,559

and rush limbaugh actually mentioned it

858

00:31:51,990 --> 00:31:49,519

on his show uh he

859

00:31:54,149 --> 00:31:52,000

had this fantastic quote he said you

860

00:31:55,830 --> 00:31:54,159

know this paper by josh willis and john

861

00:31:57,190 --> 00:31:55,840

lymon these other guys

862

00:31:58,950 --> 00:31:57,200

is uh

863

00:32:01,029 --> 00:31:58,960

totally crazy they have no idea what's

864

00:32:03,430 --> 00:32:01,039

happening in the climate it doesn't make

865

00:32:05,669 --> 00:32:03,440

any sense and he said

866

00:32:08,230 --> 00:32:05,679

to overturn the world economy based on

867

00:32:10,149 --> 00:32:08,240

the musings of a few idiot leftist

868

00:32:12,230 --> 00:32:10,159

scientists

869

00:32:14,389 --> 00:32:12,240

is just stupid and that's what global

870

00:32:15,909 --> 00:32:14,399

warming is actually all

871

00:32:18,549 --> 00:32:15,919

about

872

00:32:19,350 --> 00:32:18,559

thank you rush and uh

873

00:32:21,430 --> 00:32:19,360

uh

874

00:32:23,110 --> 00:32:21,440

so it was you know some of my colleagues

875

00:32:25,029 --> 00:32:23,120

that wrote the paper with me were of

876
00:32:28,310 --> 00:32:25,039
course horrified that rush limbaugh had

877
00:32:30,310 --> 00:32:28,320
talked about us on the radio um and uh

878
00:32:32,230 --> 00:32:30,320
it turned out that um i kept looking at

879
00:32:34,070 --> 00:32:32,240
this data and this the signal of ocean

880
00:32:36,470 --> 00:32:34,080
cooling which actually in a sense really

881
00:32:39,110 --> 00:32:36,480
didn't even make sense to me um and i

882
00:32:41,110 --> 00:32:39,120
dug a little further and um it was uh

883
00:32:42,710 --> 00:32:41,120
february of i think

884
00:32:44,310 --> 00:32:42,720
2008

885
00:32:45,509 --> 00:32:44,320
i want to say

886
00:32:47,190 --> 00:32:45,519
and i was

887
00:32:49,430 --> 00:32:47,200
standing with my wife in the kitchen and

888
00:32:51,990 --> 00:32:49,440

i was looking over a talk about ocean

889

00:32:53,669 --> 00:32:52,000

cooling that i was supposed to give at a

890

00:32:55,590 --> 00:32:53,679

big climate center in colorado the

891

00:32:57,029 --> 00:32:55,600

following weekend and

892

00:32:58,789 --> 00:32:57,039

i uh

893

00:33:00,470 --> 00:32:58,799

i found this result and i i thought it

894

00:33:02,789 --> 00:33:00,480

was really surprising

895

00:33:04,549 --> 00:33:02,799

um some of the data that was going into

896

00:33:07,190 --> 00:33:04,559

it looked like it had been flawed like

897

00:33:09,110 --> 00:33:07,200

it was too cold and i wrote a friend of

898

00:33:10,310 --> 00:33:09,120

mine an email and he wrote back kind of

899

00:33:11,830 --> 00:33:10,320

quickly and said yeah you know

900

00:33:13,269 --> 00:33:11,840

something's definitely wrong with that

901
00:33:15,669 --> 00:33:13,279
data

902
00:33:18,230 --> 00:33:15,679
and i turned to my wife uh

903
00:33:19,909 --> 00:33:18,240
um it was actually valentine's day and

904
00:33:21,909 --> 00:33:19,919
we were getting ready to go out for a

905
00:33:22,710 --> 00:33:21,919
nice dinner and i said i think i'm wrong

906
00:33:25,590 --> 00:33:22,720
about

907
00:33:28,789 --> 00:33:25,600
ocean cooling

908
00:33:30,549 --> 00:33:28,799
and she said okay let's go get dinner

909
00:33:31,990 --> 00:33:30,559
but dinner was kind of ruined because i

910
00:33:34,389 --> 00:33:32,000
was really worried i had to give a talk

911
00:33:36,389 --> 00:33:34,399
literally the next day

912
00:33:37,990 --> 00:33:36,399
at a big climate center and so i was

913
00:33:40,389 --> 00:33:38,000

just worrying the whole time and dinner

914

00:33:42,070 --> 00:33:40,399

was completely ruined

915

00:33:43,750 --> 00:33:42,080

and

916

00:33:45,590 --> 00:33:43,760

as a reminder

917

00:33:48,549 --> 00:33:45,600

my wife actually

918

00:33:51,190 --> 00:33:48,559

had a small business card made for me

919

00:33:53,110 --> 00:33:51,200

which has my job title listed as idiot

920

00:33:54,870 --> 00:33:53,120

leftist scientist so

921

00:33:56,470 --> 00:33:54,880

if anybody wants one you can see me

922

00:33:59,110 --> 00:33:56,480

after the show

923

00:34:00,950 --> 00:33:59,120

um yeah so uh you know but i think this

924

00:34:02,789 --> 00:34:00,960

is an important lesson in how science

925

00:34:06,070 --> 00:34:02,799

works because you know we don't get the

926

00:34:08,950 --> 00:34:06,080

answer right the first time every time

927

00:34:10,230 --> 00:34:08,960

but we keep hacking away at it and so uh

928

00:34:12,149 --> 00:34:10,240

you know eventually i wrote another

929

00:34:14,470 --> 00:34:12,159

paper and said okay i was wrong about

930

00:34:16,950 --> 00:34:14,480

ocean cooling and rush was right i am a

931

00:34:17,750 --> 00:34:16,960

big fat idiot

932

00:34:21,990 --> 00:34:17,760

but

933

00:34:24,869 --> 00:34:22,000

certain about and stands on a whole lot

934

00:34:27,190 --> 00:34:24,879

more uh research and papers than uh just

935

00:34:28,790 --> 00:34:27,200

my one bad one that rush uh mocked me

936

00:34:31,909 --> 00:34:28,800

for um

937

00:34:33,510 --> 00:34:31,919

is the rise of sea levels over time

938

00:34:35,669 --> 00:34:33,520

you know i mentioned a little while ago

939

00:34:38,389 --> 00:34:35,679

that temperatures went up and down with

940

00:34:41,190 --> 00:34:38,399

the cycles of the ice ages and co2

941

00:34:43,510 --> 00:34:41,200

followed those as well and uh

942

00:34:45,990 --> 00:34:43,520

sea level actually also went up and down

943

00:34:48,950 --> 00:34:46,000

with the ice ages because as you build a

944

00:34:50,470 --> 00:34:48,960

gigantic ice sheet over north america

945

00:34:52,149 --> 00:34:50,480

the water has to come from somewhere and

946

00:34:54,950 --> 00:34:52,159

it comes from the oceans

947

00:34:58,310 --> 00:34:54,960

so during that period 20 000 years ago

948

00:35:00,470 --> 00:34:58,320

the oceans were 120 meters lower than

949

00:35:02,870 --> 00:35:00,480

they were today so this is when you had

950

00:35:05,670 --> 00:35:02,880

things like a land bridge across the

951
00:35:07,829 --> 00:35:05,680
bering strait and north america and

952
00:35:08,790 --> 00:35:07,839
siberia were essentially connected and

953
00:35:11,670 --> 00:35:08,800
so

954
00:35:13,670 --> 00:35:11,680
as we warmed up out of that period

955
00:35:15,270 --> 00:35:13,680
sea levels began to rise and those ice

956
00:35:17,589 --> 00:35:15,280
sheets began to melt and we had

957
00:35:19,109 --> 00:35:17,599
incredibly fast sea level rise about ten

958
00:35:21,430 --> 00:35:19,119
thousand years ago

959
00:35:23,510 --> 00:35:21,440
and then it really started to level out

960
00:35:25,589 --> 00:35:23,520
and if you look at just the last couple

961
00:35:27,510 --> 00:35:25,599
thousand years we have a very new very

962
00:35:29,430 --> 00:35:27,520
exciting record of this

963
00:35:32,150 --> 00:35:29,440

incredibly accurate from

964

00:35:35,750 --> 00:35:32,160

of all places north carolina

965

00:35:37,910 --> 00:35:35,760

and in north carolina the land itself

966

00:35:41,990 --> 00:35:37,920

is sinking a little bit

967

00:35:43,910 --> 00:35:42,000

and as it does the ocean crawls up these

968

00:35:46,630 --> 00:35:43,920

salt marshes the sea level crawls up

969

00:35:48,550 --> 00:35:46,640

these salt marshes and you can it leaves

970

00:35:50,230 --> 00:35:48,560

behind a record because

971

00:35:53,030 --> 00:35:50,240

they're little critters that like to

972

00:35:55,829 --> 00:35:53,040

live in very specific levels

973

00:35:56,790 --> 00:35:55,839

in the tidal range you can dig a core in

974

00:35:59,109 --> 00:35:56,800

these

975

00:36:02,310 --> 00:35:59,119

salt marshes or a number of cores and

976
00:36:03,910 --> 00:36:02,320
you can reconstruct sea level back two

977
00:36:05,750 --> 00:36:03,920
thousand years

978
00:36:07,270 --> 00:36:05,760
and when you do that

979
00:36:08,870 --> 00:36:07,280
and you account for the local land

980
00:36:10,710 --> 00:36:08,880
motion what you see

981
00:36:12,790 --> 00:36:10,720
is that we essentially had two thousand

982
00:36:15,270 --> 00:36:12,800
years or at least a thousand years a

983
00:36:17,670 --> 00:36:15,280
very stable sea level sea levels were

984
00:36:19,430 --> 00:36:17,680
not changing hardly at all

985
00:36:21,589 --> 00:36:19,440
then during what was called the medieval

986
00:36:23,510 --> 00:36:21,599
warm period we had a little bit of rise

987
00:36:25,750 --> 00:36:23,520
right through here and during what was

988
00:36:27,990 --> 00:36:25,760

called the little ice age we had maybe a

989

00:36:29,910 --> 00:36:28,000

little bit of decline but what's really

990

00:36:32,550 --> 00:36:29,920

striking about this picture what's

991

00:36:34,790 --> 00:36:32,560

really the amazing part the last 150

992

00:36:37,030 --> 00:36:34,800

years where sea levels rising at two

993

00:36:38,950 --> 00:36:37,040

millimeters per year in agreement with

994

00:36:41,109 --> 00:36:38,960

local tide gauges by the way these data

995

00:36:43,829 --> 00:36:41,119

have been verified by nearby actual

996

00:36:46,790 --> 00:36:43,839

instruments and uh

997

00:36:48,150 --> 00:36:46,800

incredibly this rate of sea level rise

998

00:36:50,150 --> 00:36:48,160

is different than anything we've seen in

999

00:36:51,750 --> 00:36:50,160

the last two thousand years

1000

00:36:53,750 --> 00:36:51,760

so you know remember we've been through

1001

00:36:55,990 --> 00:36:53,760

these ice ages little ice ages and

1002

00:36:57,670 --> 00:36:56,000

little warm periods cycles of the sun

1003

00:37:00,150 --> 00:36:57,680

coming and going and tilt of the earth's

1004

00:37:01,910 --> 00:37:00,160

axis and so forth but nothing until the

1005

00:37:04,550 --> 00:37:01,920

industrial revolution

1006

00:37:06,470 --> 00:37:04,560

until the rise of co2 put there in the

1007

00:37:09,430 --> 00:37:06,480

atmosphere by people

1008

00:37:11,430 --> 00:37:09,440

can really explain the warming and the

1009

00:37:13,589 --> 00:37:11,440

incredible rate of sea level rise we've

1010

00:37:15,750 --> 00:37:13,599

seen in the last hundred years

1011

00:37:18,390 --> 00:37:15,760

so to me this is really the nail in the

1012

00:37:19,990 --> 00:37:18,400

coffin in terms of the deniers argument

1013

00:37:22,150 --> 00:37:20,000

that global warming is not happening or

1014

00:37:24,550 --> 00:37:22,160

that it's not caused by people because

1015

00:37:27,670 --> 00:37:24,560

you can't really explain this rise in

1016

00:37:28,470 --> 00:37:27,680

the last 100 years without it

1017

00:37:29,829 --> 00:37:28,480

so

1018

00:37:31,589 --> 00:37:29,839

i like to

1019

00:37:33,829 --> 00:37:31,599

drone on about this but i'll move on and

1020

00:37:35,430 --> 00:37:33,839

look at just the last hundred years and

1021

00:37:37,750 --> 00:37:35,440

this is the period where we kind of have

1022

00:37:40,630 --> 00:37:37,760

enough actual tide gauges in different

1023

00:37:42,470 --> 00:37:40,640

places in the planet to get a good sense

1024

00:37:46,150 --> 00:37:42,480

of how sea levels have changed in the

1025

00:37:48,710 --> 00:37:46,160

last 150 years 130 years and if you look

1026
00:37:51,270 --> 00:37:48,720
they haven't increased at a stable rate

1027
00:37:52,790 --> 00:37:51,280
in fact if you look at the first

1028
00:37:53,990 --> 00:37:52,800
50 years

1029
00:37:56,390 --> 00:37:54,000
they were going up at about one

1030
00:37:59,430 --> 00:37:56,400
millimeter per year in the second 50

1031
00:38:01,430 --> 00:37:59,440
years about two in the last 20 years

1032
00:38:03,910 --> 00:38:01,440
about three so there's actually been an

1033
00:38:05,510 --> 00:38:03,920
acceleration in the last hundred years

1034
00:38:07,349 --> 00:38:05,520
and even

1035
00:38:08,710 --> 00:38:07,359
more recent research than this suggests

1036
00:38:10,550 --> 00:38:08,720
that that acceleration might even be a

1037
00:38:12,230 --> 00:38:10,560
little bit bigger than what we show here

1038
00:38:14,470 --> 00:38:12,240

because the early part might have been

1039

00:38:16,310 --> 00:38:14,480

overestimated we see a little less sea

1040

00:38:18,550 --> 00:38:16,320

level rise in that first hundred first

1041

00:38:20,230 --> 00:38:18,560

50 years than is shown here

1042

00:38:23,190 --> 00:38:20,240

so

1043

00:38:25,270 --> 00:38:23,200

this seems small it's only about

1044

00:38:26,310 --> 00:38:25,280

20 centimeters about eight inches and

1045

00:38:28,710 --> 00:38:26,320

when you're standing on the beach

1046

00:38:30,870 --> 00:38:28,720

watching the waves crash in that seems

1047

00:38:33,270 --> 00:38:30,880

like a small number but remember

1048

00:38:35,349 --> 00:38:33,280

two-thirds of the planet's surface right

1049

00:38:37,510 --> 00:38:35,359

so this is a huge area and this turns

1050

00:38:40,150 --> 00:38:37,520

out to be an enormous volume sixteen

1051
00:38:42,950 --> 00:38:40,160
thousand cubic miles of extra ocean in

1052
00:38:45,349 --> 00:38:42,960
the last 130 years so finally we get to

1053
00:38:47,030 --> 00:38:45,359
kind of the more recent stuff the

1054
00:38:49,510 --> 00:38:47,040
altimeter period the period where

1055
00:38:51,030 --> 00:38:49,520
satellites really dominate our record of

1056
00:38:54,790 --> 00:38:51,040
sea level rise

1057
00:38:57,030 --> 00:38:54,800
and we look in the last 20 years

1058
00:38:59,430 --> 00:38:57,040
my phd was

1059
00:39:01,510 --> 00:38:59,440
somewhere in here and rush was making

1060
00:39:03,750 --> 00:39:01,520
fun of me somewhere in here

1061
00:39:05,829 --> 00:39:03,760
and finally we're out here but what's

1062
00:39:07,589 --> 00:39:05,839
striking about this and if you think

1063
00:39:09,190 --> 00:39:07,599

back to my earlier discussion about the

1064

00:39:13,829 --> 00:39:09,200

hiatus

1065

00:39:15,670 --> 00:39:13,839

this is the global warming curve and

1066

00:39:17,349 --> 00:39:15,680

there's really no hiatus in it anywhere

1067

00:39:19,670 --> 00:39:17,359

to be found a few small bumps and

1068

00:39:21,670 --> 00:39:19,680

wiggles but nothing like what you see in

1069

00:39:23,270 --> 00:39:21,680

the temperature record

1070

00:39:26,310 --> 00:39:23,280

but if you're not convinced by satellite

1071

00:39:28,790 --> 00:39:26,320

data of sea level rise you can look at

1072

00:39:31,030 --> 00:39:28,800

satellite data of the arctic um this is

1073

00:39:33,430 --> 00:39:31,040

the minimum amount of sea ice we had in

1074

00:39:35,750 --> 00:39:33,440

1979 the first year we had a satellite

1075

00:39:38,310 --> 00:39:35,760

to really look at the top of the planet

1076

00:39:39,910 --> 00:39:38,320

and this is the minimum in 2008

1077

00:39:42,550 --> 00:39:39,920

and so you go back and forth and you see

1078

00:39:45,030 --> 00:39:42,560

really it's an incredible

1079

00:39:47,349 --> 00:39:45,040

wastage of floating ice at the top of

1080

00:39:48,790 --> 00:39:47,359

the planet and i didn't just cherry pick

1081

00:39:51,109 --> 00:39:48,800

two years if you

1082

00:39:51,829 --> 00:39:51,119

plot the time series it looks like this

1083

00:39:54,550 --> 00:39:51,839

so

1084

00:39:57,430 --> 00:39:54,560

we've lost about half of the area of the

1085

00:39:59,349 --> 00:39:57,440

ice that's floating on the arctic ocean

1086

00:40:01,430 --> 00:39:59,359

and in fact actually that ice is thinned

1087

00:40:02,950 --> 00:40:01,440

by about a factor of two so if you're

1088

00:40:05,589 --> 00:40:02,960

thinking about the volume of ice

1089

00:40:08,230 --> 00:40:05,599

floating in the arctic it's decreased by

1090

00:40:11,670 --> 00:40:08,240

a factor of four in the last 20 or 30

1091

00:40:13,349 --> 00:40:11,680

years so it's a pretty major change

1092

00:40:15,430 --> 00:40:13,359

but nothing says global warming like a

1093

00:40:18,470 --> 00:40:15,440

polar bear right

1094

00:40:20,470 --> 00:40:18,480

so in 2007 we had this major minimum and

1095

00:40:23,030 --> 00:40:20,480

you know the ice was being blown north

1096

00:40:24,870 --> 00:40:23,040

away from canada and the polar bears are

1097

00:40:27,030 --> 00:40:24,880

hunters they use the ice to try and

1098

00:40:29,829 --> 00:40:27,040

catch seals which are better swimmers

1099

00:40:32,870 --> 00:40:29,839

than they are uh but the ice gives them

1100

00:40:34,390 --> 00:40:32,880

a kind of tactical advantage uh so polar

1101
00:40:36,950 --> 00:40:34,400
bears were literally starving to death

1102
00:40:39,750 --> 00:40:36,960
because they couldn't find enough ice uh

1103
00:40:42,310 --> 00:40:39,760
to hunt on hunt seals with now i'm not a

1104
00:40:43,910 --> 00:40:42,320
biologist but my guess is the polar

1105
00:40:45,829 --> 00:40:43,920
bears will survive global warming

1106
00:40:48,950 --> 00:40:45,839
because they can always just move south

1107
00:40:52,870 --> 00:40:49,910
but

1108
00:40:54,630 --> 00:40:52,880
at the same time this is a reminder that

1109
00:40:57,510 --> 00:40:54,640
some of really the world's top level

1110
00:41:01,030 --> 00:40:57,520
predators besides people are beginning

1111
00:41:02,550 --> 00:41:01,040
to feel the pressure of our changing

1112
00:41:04,390 --> 00:41:02,560
climate

1113
00:41:06,630 --> 00:41:04,400

and and so they do serve as an important

1114

00:41:07,910 --> 00:41:06,640

reminder kind of an iconic one i think

1115

00:41:09,270 --> 00:41:07,920

but of course you don't have to take the

1116

00:41:11,190 --> 00:41:09,280

polar bear's word we have another

1117

00:41:12,710 --> 00:41:11,200

satellite called grace

1118

00:41:15,510 --> 00:41:12,720

this is a fun satellite because it

1119

00:41:17,750 --> 00:41:15,520

literally weighs the continents

1120

00:41:19,190 --> 00:41:17,760

one satellite flies ahead of the other

1121

00:41:21,510 --> 00:41:19,200

and whenever it goes over something

1122

00:41:23,510 --> 00:41:21,520

heavy the pull of gravity literally

1123

00:41:25,270 --> 00:41:23,520

causes it to speed up then when the

1124

00:41:27,589 --> 00:41:25,280

second one follows it eventually catches

1125

00:41:29,589 --> 00:41:27,599

up and by measuring the distance between

1126

00:41:31,349 --> 00:41:29,599

the two satellites you can actually

1127

00:41:33,190 --> 00:41:31,359

infer the weight of the thing you're

1128

00:41:35,990 --> 00:41:33,200

flying over so if you're flying over

1129

00:41:39,430 --> 00:41:36,000

something like greenland you can chart

1130

00:41:41,190 --> 00:41:39,440

its uh its ice loss over time this is a

1131

00:41:45,990 --> 00:41:41,200

little bit older

1132

00:41:47,829 --> 00:41:46,000

continued through the present period

1133

00:41:50,309 --> 00:41:47,839

and greenland has been on jenny craig

1134

00:41:51,270 --> 00:41:50,319

it's lost uh a couple trillion tons

1135

00:41:53,270 --> 00:41:51,280

already

1136

00:41:56,309 --> 00:41:53,280

so um uh

1137

00:41:58,150 --> 00:41:56,319

go jenny um anyway uh the point here is

1138

00:42:00,390 --> 00:41:58,160

that we're really

1139

00:42:02,309 --> 00:42:00,400

seeing these huge changes in the ice

1140

00:42:03,670 --> 00:42:02,319

sheets that are unlike anything that's

1141

00:42:05,190 --> 00:42:03,680

been happening in the last several

1142

00:42:07,349 --> 00:42:05,200

thousand years if this had been going on

1143

00:42:09,430 --> 00:42:07,359

in greenland for two or three thousand

1144

00:42:12,790 --> 00:42:09,440

years sea levels would be

1145

00:42:14,790 --> 00:42:12,800

many feet higher than they are today

1146

00:42:17,750 --> 00:42:14,800

it's interesting too because greenland

1147

00:42:19,190 --> 00:42:17,760

is kind of melting in an interesting way

1148

00:42:21,349 --> 00:42:19,200

it starts

1149

00:42:23,910 --> 00:42:21,359

with the most melting the most ice loss

1150

00:42:25,109 --> 00:42:23,920

in the southeast sector but actually

1151

00:42:26,470 --> 00:42:25,119

there's also

1152

00:42:28,230 --> 00:42:26,480

ice loss

1153

00:42:29,750 --> 00:42:28,240

further to the north up up on the

1154

00:42:31,750 --> 00:42:29,760

western coast

1155

00:42:33,349 --> 00:42:31,760

and if you start asking

1156

00:42:34,950 --> 00:42:33,359

why is that

1157

00:42:36,150 --> 00:42:34,960

you immediately start

1158

00:42:38,150 --> 00:42:36,160

well i'll come back to this in a little

1159

00:42:40,309 --> 00:42:38,160

bit immediately start looking toward the

1160

00:42:41,990 --> 00:42:40,319

oceans it turns out the oceans are kind

1161

00:42:44,470 --> 00:42:42,000

of eating away at the edges of the

1162

00:42:45,990 --> 00:42:44,480

glaciers here and causing the ice loss

1163

00:42:48,150 --> 00:42:46,000

to accelerate

1164

00:42:51,589 --> 00:42:48,160

but again a picture is worth a thousand

1165

00:42:53,349 --> 00:42:51,599

words and a picture of a glacier is

1166

00:42:54,550 --> 00:42:53,359

worth at least a couple of satellites i

1167

00:42:56,069 --> 00:42:54,560

think

1168

00:42:58,630 --> 00:42:56,079

and this is a picture of a glacier in

1169

00:43:00,870 --> 00:42:58,640

alaska now some of the glaciers were in

1170

00:43:03,589 --> 00:43:00,880

retreat before global warming started in

1171

00:43:05,990 --> 00:43:03,599

alaska but not like they are today and

1172

00:43:08,150 --> 00:43:06,000

and the fact is that over 90 percent of

1173

00:43:11,030 --> 00:43:08,160

all the glaciers everywhere in the world

1174

00:43:12,710 --> 00:43:11,040

today are retreating so this is a global

1175

00:43:14,710 --> 00:43:12,720

signal that we're seeing all over the

1176

00:43:17,109 --> 00:43:14,720

place but this glacier is retreated

1177

00:43:19,349 --> 00:43:17,119

miles this was a night picture in 1941

1178

00:43:20,390 --> 00:43:19,359

this was 2004

1179

00:43:22,710 --> 00:43:20,400

and

1180

00:43:25,109 --> 00:43:22,720

many of the glaciers there in retreat in

1181

00:43:26,550 --> 00:43:25,119

really quite a spectacular fashion

1182

00:43:27,829 --> 00:43:26,560

but one of my favorite pieces of

1183

00:43:30,390 --> 00:43:27,839

evidence for

1184

00:43:32,550 --> 00:43:30,400

human-caused climate change

1185

00:43:35,670 --> 00:43:32,560

was the breakup of the larsen b ice

1186

00:43:37,270 --> 00:43:35,680

shelf in 2002 and this was interesting

1187

00:43:40,630 --> 00:43:37,280

this was a couple of images captured

1188

00:43:41,750 --> 00:43:40,640

again by nasa satellites and in january

1189

00:43:44,309 --> 00:43:41,760

which is summer in the southern

1190

00:43:46,230 --> 00:43:44,319

hemisphere this is um the continent of

1191

00:43:48,550 --> 00:43:46,240

antarctica is below here and this is

1192

00:43:52,069 --> 00:43:48,560

part of the big peninsula that sticks up

1193

00:43:53,990 --> 00:43:52,079

uh into the in the oceans and um this

1194

00:43:57,829 --> 00:43:54,000

region of this ice shelf is essentially

1195

00:43:59,829 --> 00:43:57,839

a giant floating pillow of ice that lays

1196

00:44:02,069 --> 00:43:59,839

out over the surface of the ocean that

1197

00:44:04,069 --> 00:44:02,079

comes from the flow of glaciers which

1198

00:44:06,069 --> 00:44:04,079

cut down through the mountains and then

1199

00:44:07,750 --> 00:44:06,079

spread out over the water so this is a

1200

00:44:08,790 --> 00:44:07,760

piece of floating ice

1201
00:44:11,349 --> 00:44:08,800
and

1202
00:44:12,630 --> 00:44:11,359
in january 2002 they saw these puddles

1203
00:44:14,470 --> 00:44:12,640
appear

1204
00:44:15,990 --> 00:44:14,480
these are little dark spots where the

1205
00:44:17,510 --> 00:44:16,000
sunlight's being

1206
00:44:19,270 --> 00:44:17,520
taken up instead of getting reflected

1207
00:44:20,550 --> 00:44:19,280
back out into space

1208
00:44:22,230 --> 00:44:20,560
and then in march when they flew back

1209
00:44:25,589 --> 00:44:22,240
over and took another picture this

1210
00:44:27,510 --> 00:44:25,599
entire shelf had broken up and collapsed

1211
00:44:30,309 --> 00:44:27,520
so all this fuzzy stuff are little

1212
00:44:32,309 --> 00:44:30,319
icebergs which are what is left of this

1213
00:44:34,150 --> 00:44:32,319

enormous ice shelf

1214

00:44:36,710 --> 00:44:34,160

now what's interesting to me is not so

1215

00:44:38,230 --> 00:44:36,720

much that a giant ice shelf broke up but

1216

00:44:41,190 --> 00:44:38,240

oceanographers went back and they

1217

00:44:42,870 --> 00:44:41,200

drilled a sediment cores where the ice

1218

00:44:44,950 --> 00:44:42,880

shelf had been and they found that the

1219

00:44:46,069 --> 00:44:44,960

ice shelf had been there for 10 000

1220

00:44:48,069 --> 00:44:46,079

years old

1221

00:44:49,510 --> 00:44:48,079

so through the little ice age and the

1222

00:44:51,510 --> 00:44:49,520

medieval warm period and all these

1223

00:44:53,829 --> 00:44:51,520

things that we think of all the way back

1224

00:44:55,349 --> 00:44:53,839

to when there was way more ice in the

1225

00:44:57,270 --> 00:44:55,359

world than there is today so these ice

1226

00:44:58,630 --> 00:44:57,280

shelves go way way back

1227

00:45:00,230 --> 00:44:58,640

they're the only thing older than hugh

1228

00:45:03,990 --> 00:45:00,240

hefner to break up in the last hundred

1229

00:45:07,829 --> 00:45:05,750

um i really need a rim shot anybody got

1230

00:45:10,870 --> 00:45:07,839

one of those anyways um

1231

00:45:12,630 --> 00:45:10,880

but the larson bi shelf uh i think um is

1232

00:45:14,390 --> 00:45:12,640

is another really striking piece of

1233

00:45:16,870 --> 00:45:14,400

evidence that something's happening

1234

00:45:18,470 --> 00:45:16,880

today in this hundred years that really

1235

00:45:21,750 --> 00:45:18,480

hasn't been happening for the last

1236

00:45:23,190 --> 00:45:21,760

several thousand and that's us um

1237

00:45:25,750 --> 00:45:23,200

you know if you ask where's global

1238

00:45:27,430 --> 00:45:25,760

warming uh and and you you still think

1239

00:45:29,829 --> 00:45:27,440

you can't see it i think then you're

1240

00:45:31,990 --> 00:45:29,839

really just not looking for it

1241

00:45:33,589 --> 00:45:32,000

so i want to come back really quick to

1242

00:45:34,870 --> 00:45:33,599

greenland with just the last couple of

1243

00:45:36,630 --> 00:45:34,880

minutes here and

1244

00:45:39,349 --> 00:45:36,640

talk about

1245

00:45:40,790 --> 00:45:39,359

the ice loss there

1246

00:45:43,670 --> 00:45:40,800

i'm going to skip ahead

1247

00:45:49,190 --> 00:45:46,790

mark mentioned my new uh uh mission

1248

00:45:51,910 --> 00:45:49,200

coming up which is called omg ocean's

1249

00:45:53,829 --> 00:45:51,920

melting greenland and uh

1250

00:45:55,910 --> 00:45:53,839

that was the best omg picture i found in

1251

00:45:57,349 --> 00:45:55,920

all the internet so if you have a better

1252

00:45:58,870 --> 00:45:57,359

one please send it to me see me after

1253

00:46:00,710 --> 00:45:58,880

the talk but i want to talk just for a

1254

00:46:03,030 --> 00:46:00,720

second about this because i talked a lot

1255

00:46:05,030 --> 00:46:03,040

about sea level rise but what's really

1256

00:46:07,109 --> 00:46:05,040

amazing is the cause of sea level rise

1257

00:46:08,150 --> 00:46:07,119

so if you look at greenland and i talked

1258

00:46:10,069 --> 00:46:08,160

about how

1259

00:46:12,150 --> 00:46:10,079

this south eastern quadrant and the

1260

00:46:13,030 --> 00:46:12,160

northwestern quadrant are both warming

1261

00:46:16,150 --> 00:46:13,040

what's

1262

00:46:17,750 --> 00:46:16,160

this is the place where the oceans are

1263

00:46:19,270 --> 00:46:17,760

warming the fastest

1264

00:46:20,950 --> 00:46:19,280

and so when we started to look when

1265

00:46:24,470 --> 00:46:20,960

researchers started to go up close to

1266

00:46:26,309 --> 00:46:24,480

these uh ice shelves or glaciers

1267

00:46:28,790 --> 00:46:26,319

the glaciers here literally run right

1268

00:46:30,150 --> 00:46:28,800

off of the continent and into the ocean

1269

00:46:31,670 --> 00:46:30,160

so they're

1270

00:46:33,589 --> 00:46:31,680

they're literally sticking right into

1271

00:46:35,349 --> 00:46:33,599

the water and that means ocean water can

1272

00:46:37,670 --> 00:46:35,359

come right up to the face

1273

00:46:40,069 --> 00:46:37,680

and melt away the face and as they do

1274

00:46:42,150 --> 00:46:40,079

that then the glacier itself is free to

1275

00:46:44,390 --> 00:46:42,160

speed up and dump more ice into the

1276

00:46:46,150 --> 00:46:44,400

ocean more quickly and that's what

1277

00:46:48,069 --> 00:46:46,160

causes the sea level rise and the

1278

00:46:50,950 --> 00:46:48,079

acceleration so

1279

00:46:53,109 --> 00:46:50,960

we proposed this a couple years ago to

1280

00:46:55,030 --> 00:46:53,119

do an aircraft mission to essentially

1281

00:46:56,470 --> 00:46:55,040

fly around greenland

1282

00:46:58,710 --> 00:46:56,480

and drop little sensors that would

1283

00:47:00,150 --> 00:46:58,720

measure the ocean temperatures and you

1284

00:47:02,230 --> 00:47:00,160

can't just measure the ocean temperature

1285

00:47:05,349 --> 00:47:02,240

at the surface because it turns out that

1286

00:47:08,230 --> 00:47:05,359

the oceans here have a cold fresh layer

1287

00:47:10,069 --> 00:47:08,240

that caps this warm salty layer which is

1288

00:47:11,589 --> 00:47:10,079

climbing up into the fjords and into

1289

00:47:14,470 --> 00:47:11,599

these trenches to eat away at the

1290

00:47:16,150 --> 00:47:14,480

glaciers so we designed an aircraft

1291

00:47:18,470 --> 00:47:16,160

mission to drop little sensors and

1292

00:47:19,670 --> 00:47:18,480

measure these things uh directly in the

1293

00:47:21,829 --> 00:47:19,680

ocean

1294

00:47:24,390 --> 00:47:21,839

another aircraft mission to fly over the

1295

00:47:26,870 --> 00:47:24,400

ice and measure it with a radar

1296

00:47:28,950 --> 00:47:26,880

and over the next five years we're

1297

00:47:31,030 --> 00:47:28,960

hoping to

1298

00:47:33,430 --> 00:47:31,040

literally kind of shower greenland with

1299

00:47:35,670 --> 00:47:33,440

observations new observations of

1300

00:47:38,390 --> 00:47:35,680

how the ocean is changing

1301

00:47:40,950 --> 00:47:38,400

in the in the region right up close

1302

00:47:43,349 --> 00:47:40,960

uh to the land and also to fly over all

1303

00:47:45,349 --> 00:47:43,359

the all the places where we know

1304

00:47:47,750 --> 00:47:45,359

glaciers are literally sitting right

1305

00:47:49,030 --> 00:47:47,760

into the water and feeling the impact of

1306

00:47:50,950 --> 00:47:49,040

these currents

1307

00:47:54,150 --> 00:47:50,960

and try to answer the question

1308

00:47:56,550 --> 00:47:54,160

how much of the ice loss here is really

1309

00:47:59,030 --> 00:47:56,560

because of the oceans and how much of

1310

00:48:00,710 --> 00:47:59,040

the ocean's really threatening the ice

1311

00:48:02,790 --> 00:48:00,720

sheet in the future

1312

00:48:06,470 --> 00:48:02,800

so we're really excited about

1313

00:48:08,790 --> 00:48:06,480

excuse me omg and hopefully in a year or

1314

00:48:10,630 --> 00:48:08,800

so i'll come back and give you a talk

1315

00:48:12,950 --> 00:48:10,640

all about this one and say all kinds of

1316

00:48:15,270 --> 00:48:12,960

crazy stuff about greenland um but in

1317

00:48:25,109 --> 00:48:15,280

the meantime i'll stop and answer

1318

00:48:27,990 --> 00:48:26,390

so we're going to do a little question

1319

00:48:29,589 --> 00:48:28,000

and answer session here so if you have a

1320

00:48:31,510 --> 00:48:29,599

question please come up to the

1321

00:48:32,870 --> 00:48:31,520

microphone and ask me through the

1322

00:48:34,470 --> 00:48:32,880

microphone

1323

00:48:36,790 --> 00:48:34,480

so that everybody can hear

1324

00:48:39,030 --> 00:48:36,800

even people on the internets

1325

00:48:41,430 --> 00:48:39,040

and uh i think we may also get some

1326

00:48:43,510 --> 00:48:41,440

questions from uh online

1327

00:48:45,990 --> 00:48:43,520

uh if we have any so uh

1328

00:48:49,750 --> 00:48:46,000

please thanks

1329

00:48:51,750 --> 00:48:49,760

how long is uh florida going to uh

1330

00:48:54,069 --> 00:48:51,760

going to be but by the time florida

1331

00:48:56,230 --> 00:48:54,079

sinks into the ocean

1332

00:48:57,990 --> 00:48:56,240

um when do we finally get rid of florida

1333

00:49:00,710 --> 00:48:58,000

is that what you're asking

1334

00:49:02,309 --> 00:49:00,720

yeah that's a great question well

1335

00:49:04,150 --> 00:49:02,319

florida's already beginning to feel the

1336

00:49:06,390 --> 00:49:04,160

impact of sea level rise they've had

1337

00:49:08,230 --> 00:49:06,400

about that same eight inches that we've

1338

00:49:09,190 --> 00:49:08,240

had pretty much everywhere else in the

1339

00:49:11,109 --> 00:49:09,200

world

1340

00:49:13,430 --> 00:49:11,119

and

1341

00:49:15,670 --> 00:49:13,440

they're beginning to have to protect

1342

00:49:18,710 --> 00:49:15,680

areas that they want to keep and decide

1343

00:49:20,790 --> 00:49:18,720

which areas they want to lose but in the

1344

00:49:23,030 --> 00:49:20,800

next hundred years

1345

00:49:24,390 --> 00:49:23,040

excuse me we face somewhere between

1346

00:49:26,870 --> 00:49:24,400

one foot

1347

00:49:28,870 --> 00:49:26,880

which is probably unlikely and six feet

1348

00:49:31,190 --> 00:49:28,880

of sea level rise

1349

00:49:34,549 --> 00:49:31,200

if it's six feet then

1350

00:49:35,510 --> 00:49:34,559

really a whole lot of florida is gonna

1351

00:49:38,150 --> 00:49:35,520

be

1352

00:49:40,150 --> 00:49:38,160

underwater um and it doesn't happen sort

1353

00:49:41,430 --> 00:49:40,160

of all you know like one day you walk

1354

00:49:44,309 --> 00:49:41,440

out and

1355

00:49:46,069 --> 00:49:44,319

your backyard is flooded um you know

1356

00:49:47,829 --> 00:49:46,079

it's that storm that didn't used to get

1357

00:49:48,710 --> 00:49:47,839

you now it gets you

1358

00:49:50,790 --> 00:49:48,720

uh

1359

00:49:52,390 --> 00:49:50,800

it's that high tide that didn't use to

1360

00:49:54,390 --> 00:49:52,400

get you now it gets you

1361

00:49:55,990 --> 00:49:54,400

and so it's kind of this creeping thing

1362

00:49:56,829 --> 00:49:56,000

and one that that people are going to

1363

00:49:59,109 --> 00:49:56,839

have to

1364

00:50:01,030 --> 00:49:59,119

decide what kind of stuff they want to

1365

00:50:04,230 --> 00:50:01,040

protect and what kind of stuff they want

1366

00:50:06,390 --> 00:50:04,240

to let the oceans reclaim so

1367

00:50:08,069 --> 00:50:06,400

so you know florida is going to face

1368

00:50:10,069 --> 00:50:08,079

some tough decisions in the next hundred

1369

00:50:12,870 --> 00:50:10,079

years now is it all going to be at

1370

00:50:14,790 --> 00:50:12,880

underwater by the end of the 21st

1371

00:50:17,030 --> 00:50:14,800

century no

1372

00:50:19,030 --> 00:50:17,040

but major cities

1373

00:50:21,270 --> 00:50:19,040

along the coast of florida will face

1374

00:50:23,349 --> 00:50:21,280

trouble from sea level rise

1375

00:50:26,549 --> 00:50:23,359

the question is how much

1376

00:50:28,950 --> 00:50:26,559

and um part of it is we don't know the

1377

00:50:30,630 --> 00:50:28,960

answer entirely we we have some idea

1378

00:50:32,710 --> 00:50:30,640

like i said between one foot and six

1379

00:50:34,470 --> 00:50:32,720

feet but these things like the oceans

1380

00:50:36,150 --> 00:50:34,480

eating away the glaciers

1381

00:50:38,549 --> 00:50:36,160

uh there's a whole lot that we really

1382

00:50:41,670 --> 00:50:38,559

don't understand about that so

1383

00:50:44,069 --> 00:50:41,680

our ability to say one foot or six feet

1384

00:50:45,990 --> 00:50:44,079

is limited at this point

1385

00:50:47,349 --> 00:50:46,000

and in a way that's a bigger risk than

1386

00:50:48,790 --> 00:50:47,359

if we already knew

1387

00:50:51,349 --> 00:50:48,800

if i could tell you it's definitely

1388

00:50:53,589 --> 00:50:51,359

going to be 2.5 feet by the middle of

1389

00:50:55,109 --> 00:50:53,599

the century then you could say okay well

1390

00:50:57,670 --> 00:50:55,119

it's time to abandon this city in this

1391

00:50:59,430 --> 00:50:57,680

city and and move on

1392

00:51:02,150 --> 00:50:59,440

but because there's this uncertainty in

1393

00:51:04,630 --> 00:51:02,160

a way we face bigger risk because we

1394

00:51:06,549 --> 00:51:04,640

might choose to ignore it

1395

00:51:08,790 --> 00:51:06,559

and then you know then you really have

1396

00:51:10,390 --> 00:51:08,800

troubles well i used to be stationed on

1397

00:51:12,230 --> 00:51:10,400

kwajalein

1398

00:51:13,750 --> 00:51:12,240

in the pacific

1399

00:51:16,870 --> 00:51:13,760

and just a foot

1400

00:51:19,750 --> 00:51:16,880

rise would sink that entire island

1401

00:51:20,870 --> 00:51:19,760

and a lot of islands in the pacific

1402

00:51:23,270 --> 00:51:20,880

now my

1403

00:51:24,950 --> 00:51:23,280

other my question is

1404

00:51:29,670 --> 00:51:24,960

how do we

1405

00:51:32,390 --> 00:51:29,680

all our fault

1406

00:51:34,710 --> 00:51:32,400

do we ruin our economy do we stop

1407

00:51:37,589 --> 00:51:34,720

putting our you know we got to watch the

1408

00:51:39,829 --> 00:51:37,599

way we are our light bulbs what we use

1409

00:51:42,950 --> 00:51:39,839

what kind of cars we drive

1410

00:51:43,750 --> 00:51:42,960

our whole life becomes all screwed up

1411

00:51:48,549 --> 00:51:43,760

or

1412

00:51:51,030 --> 00:51:48,559

cause of global warming besides me

1413

00:51:54,470 --> 00:51:51,040

and us individuals that are being

1414

00:51:56,150 --> 00:51:54,480

hounded by the left yeah well uh oh some

1415

00:51:59,589 --> 00:51:56,160

applause

1416

00:52:01,270 --> 00:51:59,599

um well you know i think uh uh i think

1417

00:52:03,030 --> 00:52:01,280

the fact is that we're gonna pay the

1418

00:52:04,950 --> 00:52:03,040

costs of global warming whether it's

1419

00:52:06,710 --> 00:52:04,960

today or tomorrow

1420

00:52:08,549 --> 00:52:06,720

and

1421

00:52:11,109 --> 00:52:08,559

we

1422

00:52:13,589 --> 00:52:11,119

human activity is definitely the cause

1423

00:52:16,470 --> 00:52:13,599

of modern day sea level rise

1424

00:52:18,950 --> 00:52:16,480

it's the burning of fossil fuels

1425

00:52:21,990 --> 00:52:18,960

and um but that's not to say that it's

1426
00:52:23,510 --> 00:52:22,000
hopeless uh i think there's uh plenty of

1427
00:52:27,109 --> 00:52:23,520
opportunity to

1428
00:52:29,589 --> 00:52:27,119
innovate new forms of energy and to wean

1429
00:52:31,829 --> 00:52:29,599
ourselves off of our addiction to oil

1430
00:52:33,829 --> 00:52:31,839
and if we do then i think we can stave

1431
00:52:35,589 --> 00:52:33,839
off some of the biggest

1432
00:52:37,910 --> 00:52:35,599
consequences

1433
00:52:39,910 --> 00:52:37,920
but if we don't we'll eventually pay for

1434
00:52:41,349 --> 00:52:39,920
them one way or another

1435
00:52:42,470 --> 00:52:41,359
well the way it looks to me like it's

1436
00:52:45,030 --> 00:52:42,480
just

1437
00:52:47,030 --> 00:52:45,040
global pollution

1438
00:52:49,190 --> 00:52:47,040

basically yeah pollutions yeah we don't

1439

00:52:51,589 --> 00:52:49,200

do nothing with china or india they just

1440

00:52:52,950 --> 00:52:51,599

going wild with it and we are the one in

1441

00:52:55,349 --> 00:52:52,960

america they get

1442

00:52:56,870 --> 00:52:55,359

uh always told that we're the bad guys

1443

00:52:58,470 --> 00:52:56,880

well of course uh there's plenty of

1444

00:53:01,190 --> 00:52:58,480

blame to go around

1445

00:53:03,589 --> 00:53:01,200

um but you know uh china and india are

1446

00:53:05,589 --> 00:53:03,599

trying to innovate solutions uh just

1447

00:53:07,990 --> 00:53:05,599

like we are in fact china is better at

1448

00:53:09,990 --> 00:53:08,000

building solar panels than we are so you

1449

00:53:11,270 --> 00:53:10,000

know uh we got to pick up the pace a

1450

00:53:15,990 --> 00:53:11,280

little bit

1451
00:53:19,990 --> 00:53:17,270
oh hello

1452
00:53:22,549 --> 00:53:20,000
uh is jason 3 equipped with the

1453
00:53:25,589 --> 00:53:22,559
microwave and a rodometer

1454
00:53:27,589 --> 00:53:25,599
uh there's a uh there is a radiometer on

1455
00:53:30,870 --> 00:53:27,599
board jason 3

1456
00:53:32,870 --> 00:53:30,880
that will measure how much

1457
00:53:35,030 --> 00:53:32,880
water the

1458
00:53:37,990 --> 00:53:35,040
signal has to travel through when it

1459
00:53:39,829 --> 00:53:38,000
travels down through the atmosphere

1460
00:53:42,150 --> 00:53:39,839
if it goes through water and clouds then

1461
00:53:44,309 --> 00:53:42,160
it it changes the travel time a little

1462
00:53:46,950 --> 00:53:44,319
bit so the radiometer essentially

1463
00:53:49,030 --> 00:53:46,960

measures that separately uh so that you

1464

00:53:51,829 --> 00:53:49,040

can correct for it but yes it does have

1465

00:53:54,549 --> 00:53:51,839

a radiometer in addition to

1466

00:53:56,710 --> 00:53:54,559

the actual radar instrument itself which

1467

00:53:58,390 --> 00:53:56,720

is measuring the the travel time and

1468

00:54:00,790 --> 00:53:58,400

telling us the height

1469

00:54:03,109 --> 00:54:00,800

when is the launch going to occur

1470

00:54:05,430 --> 00:54:03,119

well uh right now

1471

00:54:08,549 --> 00:54:05,440

the launch has slipped past its original

1472

00:54:11,190 --> 00:54:08,559

march 31st date uh we don't yet have a

1473

00:54:14,230 --> 00:54:11,200

firm date for a new launch but we're

1474

00:54:15,829 --> 00:54:14,240

looking at the summer maybe july

1475

00:54:17,910 --> 00:54:15,839

sometime around there

1476
00:54:19,589 --> 00:54:17,920
but we haven't been given a firm launch

1477
00:54:21,589 --> 00:54:19,599
date yet so

1478
00:54:24,069 --> 00:54:21,599
we're still they're still

1479
00:54:27,430 --> 00:54:24,079
looking at issues with the uh

1480
00:54:29,510 --> 00:54:27,440
trying to qualify the spacex rocket

1481
00:54:31,030 --> 00:54:29,520
which is going to be our ride to space

1482
00:54:32,790 --> 00:54:31,040
you know nasa makes you jump through a

1483
00:54:34,069 --> 00:54:32,800
bunch of hoops before you uh before

1484
00:54:34,950 --> 00:54:34,079
they'll put one of their babies on your

1485
00:54:37,270 --> 00:54:34,960
rocket

1486
00:54:40,790 --> 00:54:37,280
and uh so uh

1487
00:54:41,589 --> 00:54:40,800
but uh we are uh excited that um you

1488
00:54:43,829 --> 00:54:41,599

know

1489

00:54:45,910 --> 00:54:43,839

uh a lot of the waiting is is hopefully

1490

00:54:46,630 --> 00:54:45,920

behind us and we're hopeful that it'll

1491

00:54:48,630 --> 00:54:46,640

be

1492

00:54:49,589 --> 00:54:48,640

this summer we we really got our fingers

1493

00:54:53,030 --> 00:54:49,599

crossed

1494

00:54:55,750 --> 00:54:53,040

oftentimes uh lodges are

1495

00:54:57,750 --> 00:54:55,760

delayed due to high winds or something

1496

00:54:59,270 --> 00:54:57,760

like the launch of the discover every

1497

00:55:01,589 --> 00:54:59,280

day it's supposed to be launched and

1498

00:55:02,630 --> 00:55:01,599

then the window opens and closes and

1499

00:55:06,150 --> 00:55:02,640

whatever

1500

00:55:08,950 --> 00:55:06,160

and yet it's so inept because it's

1501

00:55:10,630 --> 00:55:08,960

dependent upon like data from

1502

00:55:13,589 --> 00:55:10,640

soho

1503

00:55:18,069 --> 00:55:13,599

with the uh actual measurements that can

1504

00:55:19,750 --> 00:55:18,079

be passed on to a dragon and discovered

1505

00:55:21,270 --> 00:55:19,760

right well you know we we we want the

1506

00:55:24,069 --> 00:55:21,280

good weather and a good window so that

1507

00:55:27,270 --> 00:55:24,079

we can hit the right target right uh so

1508

00:55:28,870 --> 00:55:27,280

uh but uh you know i i we've had a

1509

00:55:31,430 --> 00:55:28,880

couple of successful launches out of

1510

00:55:33,670 --> 00:55:31,440

vandenberg on previous missions and uh

1511

00:55:36,069 --> 00:55:33,680

you know we're we're really excited so

1512

00:55:38,630 --> 00:55:36,079

uh we're optimistic and and looking

1513

00:55:40,549 --> 00:55:38,640

forward to a launch this summer so keep

1514

00:55:44,710 --> 00:55:40,559

your fingers crossed for us i certainly

1515

00:55:48,549 --> 00:55:46,710

hi my name is ben i'm from redmond

1516

00:55:50,470 --> 00:55:48,559

washington um

1517

00:55:52,710 --> 00:55:50,480

and i'm a huge fan of the earth

1518

00:55:55,109 --> 00:55:52,720

observation satellite program so don't

1519

00:55:57,670 --> 00:55:55,119

take this as criticism but uh what is

1520

00:55:59,910 --> 00:55:57,680

the advantage to having multiple json

1521

00:56:02,230 --> 00:55:59,920

missions active at the same time is it

1522

00:56:03,670 --> 00:56:02,240

just that the new ones have better or

1523

00:56:05,990 --> 00:56:03,680

newer instruments

1524

00:56:07,670 --> 00:56:06,000

oh that's a great question uh there's a

1525

00:56:08,950 --> 00:56:07,680

couple reasons you want them to operate

1526
00:56:10,870 --> 00:56:08,960
at the same time

1527
00:56:12,150 --> 00:56:10,880
one is so that you have this unbroken

1528
00:56:14,230 --> 00:56:12,160
record

1529
00:56:18,549 --> 00:56:14,240
you know all of our missions so far

1530
00:56:21,349 --> 00:56:18,559
topex jason one jason one jason ii

1531
00:56:23,750 --> 00:56:21,359
have had some overlap and that overlap

1532
00:56:26,470 --> 00:56:23,760
has really allowed us to get an unbroken

1533
00:56:27,829 --> 00:56:26,480
record of sea level rise for 20 years so

1534
00:56:29,829 --> 00:56:27,839
part of the reason we want to fly them

1535
00:56:31,430 --> 00:56:29,839
both at the same time is so we can make

1536
00:56:33,589 --> 00:56:31,440
sure we really understand the new

1537
00:56:35,670 --> 00:56:33,599
instrument before we turn over the main

1538
00:56:37,829 --> 00:56:35,680

mission to it but there's other reasons

1539

00:56:38,630 --> 00:56:37,839

to fly them both at the same time too if

1540

00:56:41,109 --> 00:56:38,640

you

1541

00:56:43,270 --> 00:56:41,119

move one over into a slightly adjacent

1542

00:56:45,910 --> 00:56:43,280

orbit which is what we did between jason

1543

00:56:48,870 --> 00:56:45,920

1 and jason ii then you can essentially

1544

00:56:50,710 --> 00:56:48,880

double the resolution you get these

1545

00:56:52,870 --> 00:56:50,720

missions look straight down and they

1546

00:56:54,470 --> 00:56:52,880

give you a single point and they fly in

1547

00:56:56,789 --> 00:56:54,480

a pattern to kind of cover the whole

1548

00:56:59,270 --> 00:56:56,799

earth in 10 days but if you have two of

1549

00:57:01,510 --> 00:56:59,280

them you can uh essentially double your

1550

00:57:03,510 --> 00:57:01,520

resolution and you can see smaller scale

1551
00:57:04,870 --> 00:57:03,520
stuff in the ocean things like the

1552
00:57:06,789 --> 00:57:04,880
eddies that

1553
00:57:11,030 --> 00:57:06,799
push the oil slick around in the gulf of

1554
00:57:15,510 --> 00:57:12,549
catastrophe

1555
00:57:18,069 --> 00:57:15,520
those things uh are smaller and the more

1556
00:57:20,150 --> 00:57:18,079
satellites you have looking uh the finer

1557
00:57:22,710 --> 00:57:20,160
the resolution of things you can see

1558
00:57:24,789 --> 00:57:22,720
um a final reason which is something we

1559
00:57:26,870 --> 00:57:24,799
did with jason one is eventually we

1560
00:57:29,910 --> 00:57:26,880
might repurpose the mission and instead

1561
00:57:33,030 --> 00:57:29,920
of trying to do oceanography

1562
00:57:35,829 --> 00:57:33,040
really try and look at marine gravity so

1563
00:57:37,670 --> 00:57:35,839

it turns out that little mountains and

1564

00:57:40,230 --> 00:57:37,680

troughs and ridges on the bottom of the

1565

00:57:42,789 --> 00:57:40,240

ocean actually bend the shape of the sea

1566

00:57:45,030 --> 00:57:42,799

surface also from the pull of gravity

1567

00:57:47,030 --> 00:57:45,040

now this is a something they don't move

1568

00:57:50,470 --> 00:57:47,040

around the the mountains stay pretty

1569

00:57:52,069 --> 00:57:50,480

still so if you subtract out the time

1570

00:57:54,069 --> 00:57:52,079

average signal you can really look at

1571

00:57:57,349 --> 00:57:54,079

the oceanography but if you look at the

1572

00:57:59,190 --> 00:57:57,359

actual complete signal then those

1573

00:58:00,630 --> 00:57:59,200

little bumps and wiggles tell you where

1574

00:58:03,190 --> 00:58:00,640

the sea mounts are they tell you where

1575

00:58:05,030 --> 00:58:03,200

the under water mountains are so what we

1576
00:58:06,950 --> 00:58:05,040
actually did with jason one was move it

1577
00:58:08,390 --> 00:58:06,960
into a slightly different orbit where it

1578
00:58:10,150 --> 00:58:08,400
didn't really repeat

1579
00:58:12,069 --> 00:58:10,160
and it

1580
00:58:13,510 --> 00:58:12,079
you know measured a small swath that

1581
00:58:15,270 --> 00:58:13,520
traced along

1582
00:58:18,150 --> 00:58:15,280
the equator and covered the entire

1583
00:58:20,470 --> 00:58:18,160
oceans in a much finer mesh and that's

1584
00:58:22,710 --> 00:58:20,480
how they began to really improve the the

1585
00:58:24,710 --> 00:58:22,720
knowledge of the shape of the sea floor

1586
00:58:27,589 --> 00:58:24,720
so we might do something like that with

1587
00:58:29,750 --> 00:58:27,599
jason ii uh in a couple of years as it

1588
00:58:32,230 --> 00:58:29,760

starts to age and becomes more likely to

1589

00:58:36,150 --> 00:58:32,240

uh to eventually

1590

00:58:40,230 --> 00:58:38,470

your response just uh partly answered my

1591

00:58:41,990 --> 00:58:40,240

question but i was curious what kind of

1592

00:58:44,150 --> 00:58:42,000

techniques do you use to validate the

1593

00:58:45,589 --> 00:58:44,160

accuracy of your measurements

1594

00:58:48,150 --> 00:58:45,599

for example you mentioned about that

1595

00:58:51,190 --> 00:58:48,160

valentine's day episode

1596

00:58:53,270 --> 00:58:51,200

where you realize i don't know if it was

1597

00:58:55,349 --> 00:58:53,280

by intuition that that

1598

00:58:57,430 --> 00:58:55,359

you understood the data wrong like what

1599

00:58:59,510 --> 00:58:57,440

was the thought process um going into

1600

00:59:01,430 --> 00:58:59,520

that oh yeah what's what's keeping rush

1601
00:59:03,030 --> 00:59:01,440
off my back with the satellites

1602
00:59:04,470 --> 00:59:03,040
yeah that's a great question well we

1603
00:59:06,150 --> 00:59:04,480
have a lot of ways to

1604
00:59:08,069 --> 00:59:06,160
we have a lot of other things to compare

1605
00:59:10,309 --> 00:59:08,079
our satellite mission with so we have

1606
00:59:13,109 --> 00:59:10,319
tide gauges that are spread all across

1607
00:59:14,950 --> 00:59:13,119
the planet on coasts everywhere that

1608
00:59:16,870 --> 00:59:14,960
measure how the sea level changes and we

1609
00:59:18,470 --> 00:59:16,880
compare those with how the satellite's

1610
00:59:20,789 --> 00:59:18,480
telling us it changes

1611
00:59:22,950 --> 00:59:20,799
we also have a few dedicated places that

1612
00:59:25,109 --> 00:59:22,960
the satellite flies directly over

1613
00:59:27,829 --> 00:59:25,119

there's one right off the coast of santa

1614

00:59:29,910 --> 00:59:27,839

barbara called the harvest oil platform

1615

00:59:32,230 --> 00:59:29,920

it's just off the coast and it's had a

1616

00:59:33,990 --> 00:59:32,240

continuous sea level measurement right

1617

00:59:36,470 --> 00:59:34,000

there on the platform

1618

00:59:38,789 --> 00:59:36,480

and our satellite flies right over it so

1619

00:59:40,870 --> 00:59:38,799

we get a direct look and we can compare

1620

00:59:43,270 --> 00:59:40,880

directly and see just how good the

1621

00:59:44,870 --> 00:59:43,280

satellite is doing so

1622

00:59:47,510 --> 00:59:44,880

we also have a whole other suite of

1623

00:59:50,390 --> 00:59:47,520

satellites and and an entire team of

1624

00:59:52,549 --> 00:59:50,400

about 200 people who every year all the

1625

00:59:54,230 --> 00:59:52,559

time are just looking at this data

1626

00:59:56,150 --> 00:59:54,240

trying to uh make sure that it's

1627

00:59:58,309 --> 00:59:56,160

accurate and and agrees with other

1628

01:00:00,150 --> 00:59:58,319

things we're measuring uh that that are

1629

01:00:03,270 --> 01:00:00,160

consistent

1630

01:00:06,069 --> 01:00:03,280

what happened to me on my phd was

1631

01:00:08,470 --> 01:00:06,079

a different story and um that was a

1632

01:00:10,309 --> 01:00:08,480

actually a symptom of changing to a new

1633

01:00:13,109 --> 01:00:10,319

kind of data we had been measuring the

1634

01:00:14,870 --> 01:00:13,119

temperatures of the ocean with a

1635

01:00:17,109 --> 01:00:14,880

small probes

1636

01:00:18,789 --> 01:00:17,119

for decades and we switched over to a

1637

01:00:20,069 --> 01:00:18,799

new system and there were some

1638

01:00:21,910 --> 01:00:20,079

differences

1639

01:00:23,270 --> 01:00:21,920

that was part of the problem and then

1640

01:00:25,270 --> 01:00:23,280

part of the problem was that some of the

1641

01:00:27,750 --> 01:00:25,280

new floats just weren't some of the new

1642

01:00:28,390 --> 01:00:27,760

instruments just weren't working right

1643

01:00:30,870 --> 01:00:28,400

but

1644

01:00:32,789 --> 01:00:30,880

what eventually allowed us to tease out

1645

01:00:36,870 --> 01:00:32,799

the difference between the new and old

1646

01:00:39,510 --> 01:00:36,880

data was actually satellites like json

1647

01:00:41,349 --> 01:00:39,520

because as the bad data accumulated and

1648

01:00:42,950 --> 01:00:41,359

you got enough of it you begin to look

1649

01:00:44,789 --> 01:00:42,960

at the difference between what the

1650

01:00:47,750 --> 01:00:44,799

satellite was telling us and and what

1651

01:00:49,430 --> 01:00:47,760

the floats were telling us so uh

1652

01:00:51,030 --> 01:00:49,440

it's really a

1653

01:00:52,630 --> 01:00:51,040

an ongoing it's always a work in

1654

01:00:53,990 --> 01:00:52,640

progress we're always double checking

1655

01:00:55,589 --> 01:00:54,000

the data we're always looking back at

1656

01:00:57,109 --> 01:00:55,599

the results trying to make sure that

1657

01:00:59,829 --> 01:00:57,119

we're getting it really right and you

1658

01:01:01,430 --> 01:00:59,839

know science is a it's not a

1659

01:01:03,430 --> 01:01:01,440

you know

1660

01:01:05,270 --> 01:01:03,440

one big discovery after another kind of

1661

01:01:07,990 --> 01:01:05,280

thing it's a kind of a three steps

1662

01:01:09,589 --> 01:01:08,000

forward two steps back process um and

1663

01:01:11,510 --> 01:01:09,599

that's really part of what makes it so

1664

01:01:14,630 --> 01:01:11,520

accurate in the long run so we're always

1665

01:01:16,230 --> 01:01:14,640

checking ourselves but uh uh you know

1666

01:01:18,069 --> 01:01:16,240

you're still left with those occasional

1667

01:01:20,710 --> 01:01:18,079

moments where rush limbaugh's making fun

1668

01:01:24,950 --> 01:01:22,309

i think you said the precision of the

1669

01:01:27,910 --> 01:01:24,960

radio altimeter is about one inch that's

1670

01:01:29,750 --> 01:01:27,920

right yeah so for a sea level rise of a

1671

01:01:32,069 --> 01:01:29,760

few millimeters per year obviously

1672

01:01:33,750 --> 01:01:32,079

that's not particularly precise so how

1673

01:01:35,670 --> 01:01:33,760

do you actually tease it out do you just

1674

01:01:37,829 --> 01:01:35,680

take lots of measurements and

1675

01:01:39,670 --> 01:01:37,839

statistically yeah that's exactly it

1676

01:01:41,030 --> 01:01:39,680

that's a that's a great question that's

1677

01:01:42,870 --> 01:01:41,040

really good what'd he tell you that was

1678

01:01:45,750 --> 01:01:42,880

a great question i said no that's right

1679

01:01:51,349 --> 01:01:48,230

and yeah you said um you also measure

1680

01:01:52,870 --> 01:01:51,359

something else tilt or something yeah so

1681

01:01:54,549 --> 01:01:52,880

so essentially if i measure the height

1682

01:01:55,589 --> 01:01:54,559

over here yeah okay and the height over

1683

01:01:57,430 --> 01:01:55,599

here

1684

01:01:59,910 --> 01:01:57,440

and they go like this

1685

01:02:01,990 --> 01:01:59,920

then um the reason they went like this

1686

01:02:04,789 --> 01:02:02,000

is probably because there was a current

1687

01:02:07,510 --> 01:02:04,799

uh an ocean current at the surface so

1688

01:02:09,829 --> 01:02:07,520

literally when when the water's moving

1689

01:02:12,789 --> 01:02:09,839

it feels the rotation of the earth

1690

01:02:16,069 --> 01:02:12,799

and it winds up causing a tilt

1691

01:02:17,750 --> 01:02:16,079

in the surface of the ocean so

1692

01:02:19,670 --> 01:02:17,760

originally these satellites were

1693

01:02:22,390 --> 01:02:19,680

designed just to measure that tilt we

1694

01:02:23,829 --> 01:02:22,400

weren't thinking about global warming

1695

01:02:25,190 --> 01:02:23,839

the guy sitting next to you by the way

1696

01:02:27,349 --> 01:02:25,200

is one of the uh

1697

01:02:29,829 --> 01:02:27,359

one of the guys who made this first

1698

01:02:32,390 --> 01:02:29,839

mission topex poseidon happened so

1699

01:02:33,589 --> 01:02:32,400

uh any questions that uh yeah there he

1700

01:02:36,549 --> 01:02:33,599

goes

1701

01:02:38,390 --> 01:02:36,559

bill i can answer but uh

1702

01:02:39,990 --> 01:02:38,400

you know essentially it was designed to

1703

01:02:41,990 --> 01:02:40,000

measure that tilt we were really looking

1704

01:02:44,470 --> 01:02:42,000

for the currents but it turned out that

1705

01:02:46,710 --> 01:02:44,480

it was so accurate and and you know by

1706

01:02:48,069 --> 01:02:46,720

averaging over the whole globe

1707

01:02:50,150 --> 01:02:48,079

and really looking at the kind of

1708

01:02:51,829 --> 01:02:50,160

biggest scales you get millions and

1709

01:02:53,910 --> 01:02:51,839

millions of measurements every time

1710

01:02:55,190 --> 01:02:53,920

every 10 days and you average them all

1711

01:02:56,630 --> 01:02:55,200

together and you average a bunch of

1712

01:02:59,430 --> 01:02:56,640

10-day periods together and you can

1713

01:03:01,030 --> 01:02:59,440

really see this long-term change it's

1714

01:03:03,670 --> 01:03:01,040

like looking for an exoplanet just that

1715

01:03:07,510 --> 01:03:03,680

little bulge in the star motion yeah

1716

01:03:11,030 --> 01:03:09,750

my question is about the pacific decal

1717

01:03:13,030 --> 01:03:11,040

oscillation

1718

01:03:15,109 --> 01:03:13,040

and my impression is that we don't

1719

01:03:17,430 --> 01:03:15,119

really understand it very well

1720

01:03:19,670 --> 01:03:17,440

and so my question is to what extent

1721

01:03:21,190 --> 01:03:19,680

json data and maybe

1722

01:03:23,510 --> 01:03:21,200

data from

1723

01:03:25,589 --> 01:03:23,520

from probes that flowed up and down in

1724

01:03:27,589 --> 01:03:25,599

the ocean to what extent do we think

1725

01:03:29,430 --> 01:03:27,599

that that oscillation is chaotic and

1726
01:03:31,270 --> 01:03:29,440
really can't be predicted or what extent

1727
01:03:33,750 --> 01:03:31,280
do you think you'll you'll be able to

1728
01:03:35,109 --> 01:03:33,760
understand it better so because my

1729
01:03:38,069 --> 01:03:35,119
impression is we've only sort of seen

1730
01:03:40,150 --> 01:03:38,079
one cycle right 20 or 20 years or so

1731
01:03:42,549 --> 01:03:40,160
we don't have any way of knowing what it

1732
01:03:45,190 --> 01:03:42,559
was on previous cycles yeah it's a great

1733
01:03:47,029 --> 01:03:45,200
question um you know uh

1734
01:03:49,750 --> 01:03:47,039
just like you said the pacific decadal

1735
01:03:52,470 --> 01:03:49,760
oscillation is something that's decadal

1736
01:03:54,950 --> 01:03:52,480
takes a decade or two to change from one

1737
01:03:57,029 --> 01:03:54,960
sign to another one phase to another and

1738
01:03:59,750 --> 01:03:57,039

we've only had our satellite for two

1739

01:04:01,829 --> 01:03:59,760

decades so we don't have an especially

1740

01:04:03,750 --> 01:04:01,839

long look at the pacific decadal

1741

01:04:06,230 --> 01:04:03,760

oscillation but what's interesting is

1742

01:04:08,069 --> 01:04:06,240

that over those last two decades it's

1743

01:04:10,789 --> 01:04:08,079

really changed a lot it's changed a lot

1744

01:04:12,710 --> 01:04:10,799

from a very positive phase

1745

01:04:15,510 --> 01:04:12,720

which is associated here in california

1746

01:04:17,990 --> 01:04:15,520

with more rain to a very negative phase

1747

01:04:19,829 --> 01:04:18,000

which is associated with more drought

1748

01:04:21,430 --> 01:04:19,839

here in california

1749

01:04:23,990 --> 01:04:21,440

and it's interesting that there are

1750

01:04:26,069 --> 01:04:24,000

these weather connections because those

1751

01:04:27,430 --> 01:04:26,079

actually allow you to trace back over

1752

01:04:29,270 --> 01:04:27,440

time

1753

01:04:31,349 --> 01:04:29,280

things like the pacific decadal

1754

01:04:33,589 --> 01:04:31,359

oscillation by looking at the growth of

1755

01:04:36,150 --> 01:04:33,599

trees from tree rings and and other

1756

01:04:38,230 --> 01:04:36,160

proxies so our satellites only go back

1757

01:04:40,870 --> 01:04:38,240

20 years but we have a few other data

1758

01:04:43,190 --> 01:04:40,880

sets surface temperature goes back maybe

1759

01:04:45,109 --> 01:04:43,200

40 50 years

1760

01:04:47,270 --> 01:04:45,119

some surface pressure measurements maybe

1761

01:04:48,710 --> 01:04:47,280

go back farther than that and when you

1762

01:04:50,950 --> 01:04:48,720

get into longer time series you're

1763

01:04:53,349 --> 01:04:50,960

really looking at these tree rings

1764

01:04:56,150 --> 01:04:53,359

and and proxies

1765

01:04:57,910 --> 01:04:56,160

for the pacific decadal oscillation

1766

01:04:59,750 --> 01:04:57,920

but you're right in that our ability to

1767

01:05:02,230 --> 01:04:59,760

really tease all that apart we've only

1768

01:05:03,990 --> 01:05:02,240

got about 10 or 20 years worth of data

1769

01:05:05,670 --> 01:05:04,000

so we really are we really do have a lot

1770

01:05:08,390 --> 01:05:05,680

to learn about the pacific decadal

1771

01:05:09,750 --> 01:05:08,400

oscillation but at the very least we can

1772

01:05:11,829 --> 01:05:09,760

say that

1773

01:05:13,990 --> 01:05:11,839

it kind of goes back and forth between a

1774

01:05:16,309 --> 01:05:14,000

range a certain range

1775

01:05:17,190 --> 01:05:16,319

and that at least over the last say 50

1776

01:05:20,230 --> 01:05:17,200

years

1777

01:05:22,789 --> 01:05:20,240

it probably takes somewhere between 5

1778

01:05:24,789 --> 01:05:22,799

and 20 years to change

1779

01:05:28,069 --> 01:05:24,799

so we have some sense that it's kind of

1780

01:05:29,829 --> 01:05:28,079

these decades-long time scales but uh

1781

01:05:31,750 --> 01:05:29,839

but you're right the real

1782

01:05:33,270 --> 01:05:31,760

underlying cause

1783

01:05:35,270 --> 01:05:33,280

probably has something to do with the

1784

01:05:37,670 --> 01:05:35,280

ocean probably has something to do with

1785

01:05:39,829 --> 01:05:37,680

the way it interacts back and forth with

1786

01:05:42,630 --> 01:05:39,839

the atmosphere but what's really driving

1787

01:05:43,589 --> 01:05:42,640

this oscillation i think um is still

1788

01:05:47,109 --> 01:05:43,599

unknown

1789

01:05:52,309 --> 01:05:50,150

oh we have questions from people out in

1790

01:05:54,950 --> 01:05:52,319

interspace

1791

01:05:57,829 --> 01:05:54,960

great um so uh how long you want me to

1792

01:05:59,589 --> 01:05:57,839

drone on up here mark

1793

01:06:00,789 --> 01:05:59,599

as long as it takes to answer all of

1794

01:06:02,870 --> 01:06:00,799

these

1795

01:06:04,950 --> 01:06:02,880

um

1796

01:06:06,230 --> 01:06:04,960

okay so uh i'll just if you have other

1797

01:06:08,309 --> 01:06:06,240

questions feel free to go ahead and line

1798

01:06:09,510 --> 01:06:08,319

up at the mic but i'll um

1799

01:06:10,630 --> 01:06:09,520

i'll just go through a couple of these

1800

01:06:12,069 --> 01:06:10,640

really fun really quick because i think

1801
01:06:15,349 --> 01:06:12,079
they'll be fun so

1802
01:06:17,510 --> 01:06:15,359
elijah michael asks how long will jason

1803
01:06:21,349 --> 01:06:17,520
3 be active

1804
01:06:22,150 --> 01:06:21,359
we hope uh longer than rush limbaugh

1805
01:06:26,630 --> 01:06:22,160
but

1806
01:06:29,750 --> 01:06:26,640
between three and five years

1807
01:06:33,190 --> 01:06:29,760
so the they have a

1808
01:06:35,270 --> 01:06:33,200
must live for three-year kind of design

1809
01:06:37,349 --> 01:06:35,280
and we really hope they live for five

1810
01:06:39,349 --> 01:06:37,359
years and we kind of expect them to but

1811
01:06:41,510 --> 01:06:39,359
of course its predecessors have done

1812
01:06:43,349 --> 01:06:41,520
fantastic topex

1813
01:06:46,710 --> 01:06:43,359

lasted 13 years

1814

01:06:47,589 --> 01:06:46,720

jason lasted 11. jason one jason two is

1815

01:06:50,150 --> 01:06:47,599

now

1816

01:06:53,349 --> 01:06:50,160

let's see 2008 what year is it

1817

01:06:55,750 --> 01:06:53,359

it's getting up to seven years old so um

1818

01:06:58,470 --> 01:06:55,760

we're uh we're optimistic that it will

1819

01:07:00,789 --> 01:06:58,480

outlast the five-year life expectancy

1820

01:07:03,349 --> 01:07:00,799

and maybe it'll go 10 if we're lucky

1821

01:07:06,230 --> 01:07:03,359

but but we can't really plan on longer

1822

01:07:10,470 --> 01:07:09,109

uh jeffrey b boy lizard

1823

01:07:13,190 --> 01:07:10,480

asks

1824

01:07:15,750 --> 01:07:13,200

are there other things besides co2

1825

01:07:19,430 --> 01:07:15,760

affecting global warming well jeffrey b

1826

01:07:23,670 --> 01:07:21,589

co2 is the big dog when it comes to

1827

01:07:26,710 --> 01:07:23,680

causing global warming

1828

01:07:28,630 --> 01:07:26,720

there are other things that we do like

1829

01:07:30,309 --> 01:07:28,640

things that emit methane there are other

1830

01:07:32,150 --> 01:07:30,319

greenhouse gases

1831

01:07:33,670 --> 01:07:32,160

there are some other effects like

1832

01:07:36,150 --> 01:07:33,680

reshaping

1833

01:07:37,750 --> 01:07:36,160

the surface of the planet turning

1834

01:07:39,829 --> 01:07:37,760

the desert like we used to live in

1835

01:07:41,510 --> 01:07:39,839

around here into parking lots and golf

1836

01:07:43,349 --> 01:07:41,520

courses

1837

01:07:45,510 --> 01:07:43,359

these things all affect the climate but

1838

01:07:46,230 --> 01:07:45,520

in terms of the global climate in terms

1839

01:07:49,190 --> 01:07:46,240

of

1840

01:07:51,270 --> 01:07:49,200

the whole planet's heating up really co2

1841

01:07:52,870 --> 01:07:51,280

is the major cause

1842

01:07:54,710 --> 01:07:52,880

it's definitely

1843

01:07:57,270 --> 01:07:54,720

the biggest dog and it's the one that

1844

01:07:59,430 --> 01:07:57,280

lives the longest in the atmosphere so

1845

01:08:01,829 --> 01:07:59,440

co2 has an expected lifetime in the

1846

01:08:04,150 --> 01:08:01,839

atmosphere of hundreds if not thousands

1847

01:08:05,190 --> 01:08:04,160

of years the ocean sucks up a little bit

1848

01:08:07,349 --> 01:08:05,200

of it but

1849

01:08:10,630 --> 01:08:07,359

but by and large what we put there we're

1850

01:08:11,430 --> 01:08:10,640

stuck with for a long time

1851

01:08:13,990 --> 01:08:11,440

oh

1852

01:08:15,109 --> 01:08:14,000

this last one's from marvin the martian

1853

01:08:17,430 --> 01:08:15,119

um

1854

01:08:19,510 --> 01:08:17,440

what effect would a large volcanic

1855

01:08:20,950 --> 01:08:19,520

eruption or asteroid strike have on our

1856

01:08:22,309 --> 01:08:20,960

climate

1857

01:08:27,749 --> 01:08:22,319

uh

1858

01:08:29,990 --> 01:08:27,759

blow up the earth um

1859

01:08:33,349 --> 01:08:30,000

but uh

1860

01:08:35,030 --> 01:08:33,359

and uh you know an asteroid or a giant

1861

01:08:36,950 --> 01:08:35,040

volcanic eruption could have a pretty

1862

01:08:39,749 --> 01:08:36,960

major impact on the climate

1863

01:08:42,309 --> 01:08:39,759

in fact it's been suggested that this

1864

01:08:46,070 --> 01:08:42,319

was partly the cause for extinctions in

1865

01:08:47,510 --> 01:08:46,080

the past a big meteor would hit the

1866

01:08:50,070 --> 01:08:47,520

hit the

1867

01:08:52,550 --> 01:08:50,080

planet and blow dust up into the

1868

01:08:54,550 --> 01:08:52,560

stratosphere and effectively you know a

1869

01:08:57,269 --> 01:08:54,560

volcano can do the same thing it can put

1870

01:08:59,269 --> 01:08:57,279

all this soot into the stratosphere and

1871

01:09:02,550 --> 01:08:59,279

this can actually cool off the planet so

1872

01:09:03,669 --> 01:09:02,560

you can get a little ice age or a little

1873

01:09:05,030 --> 01:09:03,679

winter

1874

01:09:06,950 --> 01:09:05,040

in fact

1875

01:09:09,669 --> 01:09:06,960

we've seen this in the not too distant

1876

01:09:12,630 --> 01:09:09,679

past mount pinatubo was a major eruption

1877

01:09:14,789 --> 01:09:12,640

in the early 1990s interestingly right

1878

01:09:17,749 --> 01:09:14,799

at the launch of jason or of topex

1879

01:09:19,189 --> 01:09:17,759

poseidon and um it's been suggested that

1880

01:09:22,870 --> 01:09:19,199

it cooled off the earth just a little

1881

01:09:25,510 --> 01:09:22,880

bit for a couple of years so these kinds

1882

01:09:28,070 --> 01:09:25,520

of things can have a big impact

1883

01:09:29,910 --> 01:09:28,080

but of course soot eventually settles

1884

01:09:32,229 --> 01:09:29,920

out of the atmosphere

1885

01:09:34,390 --> 01:09:32,239

and these things eventually

1886

01:09:37,110 --> 01:09:34,400

kind of go back to the way they were

1887

01:09:38,950 --> 01:09:37,120

whereas co2 can really last uh hundreds

1888

01:09:40,709 --> 01:09:38,960

if if not thousands of years like i said

1889

01:09:42,470 --> 01:09:40,719

so um

1890

01:09:46,070 --> 01:09:42,480

uh keep working at it marvin but we're